



# Manual be.IP

Workshops

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## Chapter 1 Using be.IP as a VDSL modem

## **Requirements**

- A be.IP
- A be.IP plus

## **Configuration destination**

Using a be.IP as a VDSL modem and using other device functions

## **1.1 Preparation**

### 1.1.1 Installation

- (1) Open your web browser and enter the IP address 192.168.0.251 in your web browser's address field.
- (2) Enter your login details in the fields Login Name and password and press log in. The Initial operation wizard opens.
- (3) Exit the Initial operation wizard by selecting *Full Access* in the header under View.

## 1.1.2 Deleting preconfigured addresses

Deleting preconfigured OP addresses in the en1-4 interface (DMZ/WAN port, blue) enables further configuration in this IP area. The existence of the IP address has no effect on the actual function of the PPPoE on this interface.

(1) Go to LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces->en1-4

Ethernet/VLAN	Ports					
Interface	IPv4 Address/Netmask	IPv6 Address/Length	Status	Action		
en1-4	192.168.4.251/255.255.255.0	(*)	8	~ ~	1	Q
efm35-60	Not configured/Not configured	-	8	~ ~	1	Q

(2) Click on the field IP Address / Netmask to delete the entry.

Basic Parameters		Basic IPv4 I	Parameters		
Interface Mode	<ul> <li>Untagged (VLAN)</li> </ul>	Security Pol	icy	O Untruste	d 🖲 Trusted
MAC Address	0'09'4f:6f:5d:fe w Use built-in	Address Mo	de Netmask 'Address 92.168.4.251	Netmask 255 255 255 0	atic O DHCP

- (3) Press OK to confirm.
- (4) A warning appears.

mei 152.100.0.251 wird i olge	ndes angezeig	ι.
o you really want to delete this entry?	7	
	OK	Abbrecher

(5) Press **OK** to confirm.

## 1.2 Configuration

## 1.2.1 Connecting the VDSL modem and the ethernet interface

You connect the ethernet interface **en1-4** and the VDSL interface of the modem using a bridge group.

- (1) Go to System Management -> Interface Mode / Bridge Groups-> Interfaces.
- (2) Under en1-4 select New Bridge Group.
- (3) Under Configuration Interface select Ignore.

Access Parameters				
*	Interface Description	Mode / Bridge Group		
1	en1-0	br0 •		
2	en1-4	New Bridge Group 💌		
3	efm35-60	Routing Mode •		
4	ethoa35-5	Routing Mode •		
5	vss7-10	• Drd		
Configuration Interface				
lignore V				

(4) Press **OK** to confirm.

A warning appears.

Unter 192.168.0.251 wird Fol	gendes angezeig	t:
Do you really want to delete this ent	ry?	
		1

(5) Press**OK** to confirm.

en1-4 will be added to bridge group br1.

Add the interface efm35-60 to bridge group br1 in the same way.

- (1) Under efm35-60, also add New Bridge Group.
- (2) Under Configuration Interface select Ignore.

Access Para	meters	
+	Interface Description	Mode / Bridge Group
1	en1-0	br0 •
2	en1-4	bri
3	efm35-60	[bri •
4	ethoa35-5	Routing Mode
5	vss7-10	br0
Configuration Interface		

(3) Press **OK** to confirm.

A warning appears.

Unter 192.168.0.251 wird Folge	endes angezeigt	: ×
Warning!		
You are in the process of changing you	ur system architectu	ire.
Removing the current Configuration Ir the following:	nterface from the br	idge w <mark>ill result in</mark>
- The IP Address is removed from the	bridge group and a	ssigned to the
Configuration Interface.		
- The "new" Configuration Interface is menu with default values.	added to the Admir	nistrative Access
Consider associated configuration like unexpected or unwanted system beha	NAT and other sub viour.	systems to avoid
	OK	Abbrachan
	ОК	Abbrechen

(4) Press **OK** to confirm.

efm35-60 will be added to bridge group br1.

The interface **en1-4** is available as the incoming interface for a PPPoE connection.

## 1.2.2 Configuration on the dial up router

You configure VLAN-ID = 7 on the dial up router (i.e. on a **be.IP plus**).

- (1) Go to WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE-><connection>->
- (2) Select VLAN.
- (3) Enter VLAN-ID = 7.
- (4) Press OK to confirm.

Basic Parameters	
Description DTAG_VDSL25	
PPPoE Mode	● Standard 〇 Multilink
PPPoE Ethernet Interface	en1-4 🔻
User Name t-online-com/2TB12JBAA2FK@t-online-co	
Password	•••••
VLAN	Enabled
VLAN ID 7	
Always on	Enabled

 Connect the interfaces en1-4 from both devices with an ethernet cable. The be.IP VDSL modem synchronises. The WAN partner on the be.IP plus dials up the be.IP.

## 1.2.3 Using further functions of the be.IP

You can use further functions of the **be.IP**.

To do this on the  $\, {\rm be.IP}$  you must

- change your IP address
- · deactivate the DHCP server
- set up the die standard route to be.IP plus
- enter **be.IP plus** as the DNS server.

- (1) Go to Wizards -> Initial Steps -> Basic Settings.
- (2) Change your IP Address, e.g. into 192.168.2.2.
- (3) Deactivate Use this device as DHCPv4 server.
- (4) Under **Default Gateway IP Address**, enter e.g. *192.168.2.1* to make the standard route show on the device with the PPPoE WAN partners.
- (5) Under **DNS-Server 1**, enter the same IP address as above to add this device as a DNS server, e.g. 192.168.2.1.

Select the physical Ethernet port that is used to connect to the LAN	?	Enter the LAN IPv4 Configuration:
Physical Ethernet Port (LAN)	ETH1 V	Logical Ethernet/Bridge Interface br0
		Address Mode
		192.168.2.2
		Netmask 255 255 255 0
		Default Gateway IP Address 192.168.2.1
		Fixed DNS Server Address Enabled
		DNS Server 1 192.168.2.1
		DNS Server 2
		Warning! Configuration connection may be lost when changing the IP Address! Click OK and login again to proceed!
Is this device used as DHCPv4 Server?	0	Enter the IPv6 Configuration ?
Use this device as DHCPv4 server		IPv6

After plugging in, *br0*, for example, is available as a switch extension. You can also access the network from other functions like Access Point or IPSec.

## **1.3 Overview of Configuration Steps**

#### **Deleting preconfigured addresses**

Field	Menu	Value
IP address / Netmask	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- > en1-4	1

#### Connecting the VDSL modem and the ethernet interface

Field	Menu	Value		
en1-4	System Administration -> Interface	New Bridge Group		

Field	Menu	Value
	Mode / Bridge Groups->Interfaces	
Configuration interface	System Administration -> Interface Mode / Bridge Groups->Interfaces	Ignore
efm35-60	System Administration -> Interface Mode / Bridge Groups->Interfaces	br1
Configuration interface	System Administration -> Interface Mode / Bridge Groups->Interfaces	Ignore

## Configuration on the dial up router

Field	Menu	Value
VLAN	WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE-> <connection>-&gt;</connection>	Enabled
VLAN ID	WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE-> <connection>-&gt;</connection>	7

## Using further functions of the be.IP

Field	Menu	Value
IP address	Wizards -> Initial Steps -> Basic Settings	<b>e. g</b> . 192.168.2.2
Use this device as a DHCPv4 server	Wizards -> Initial Steps -> Basic Settings	Enabled
Standard Gateway IP Address	Wizards -> Initial Steps -> Basic Settings	<b>e. g</b> . 192.168.2.1
DNS Server 1	Wizards -> Initial Steps -> Basic Settings	<b>e. g</b> . 192.168.2.1

# Chapter 2 Creating configuration access for the user and using special applications

## 2.1 Introduction

The system administrator can set up individual configuration access for all users. The user can thus display their most important personal settings and individually customise some of them. For this, a **user name** and **password** must be entered in the user HTML configuration, and personal access authorised.

Basically, there are two different kinds of user accounts: Users with access freely defined by the administrator, and users assigned to applications like system telephone book, connection data, hotel function and mini call centre. Users assigned by the administrator have access to a heavily reduced configuration screen. Users assigned to applications can view the menu corresponding to each application as it appears to the administrator.

You can access help on available configuration options via the online help system.

The GUI (Graphical User Interface) is used for configuring.

## **Requirements**

- A be.IP or a be.IP plus
- A configured baseline scenario for telephone services via VoIP or ISDN and an optional configured scenario for mini call centre. To configure baseline scenarios please note the instructions in the **quick reference guide** and the corresponding **workshops**.

## 2.2 Configuration

## 2.2.1 Access configuration for users ("user portal")

Set up configuration access for each user on your system (known as a user portal), with which they can change their telephone service settings and retrieve status information.

 Go to Numbering -> User Settings -> User. Choose the ricon to edit existing entri. Select the Authorizations menu.

BASIC SETTINGS NUMBERS	OUTGOING SIGNALISATION OPTIONAL REPOUTING AU	THORIZATIONS	
Basic Settings		User HTML Configuration	
Password for IP Phone Registration	1	Personal Access	Enabled
PIN for Phone Access		Login Name USØF	
		Password	
Further Options			
Call Through	Use routing and signalisation from number 10 •		

Fig. 1: Numbering -> User settings -> Users -> -> Authorizations

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Activate Personal Access.
- (2) Enter a Login Name for this user, e.g. User.
- (3) Enter a **Password** for this user, e.g. *User*. These details are required for login on the user interface.
- (4) Click **Apply**.

This concludes the configuration. The user can now login with the user name and password and configure certain things using the HTML configuration themselves.

User Data	
Name, First Name	Benutzer 1 a/b1 Tel
Description	a/b1 Tel 10
Further Settings	
Current Class of Service	Uneingeschränkt
Dialling Authorization	Unlimited
Allow manual trunk group selection	Disabled
Pick-up Group	0



## 2.2.2 Applications

For the applications system telephone book, connection data and mini call centre management, configuration access can be set up by the administrator, allowing respective users to fulfil their particular tasks.

#### System Telephone Book

In the submenu **General** you define the user name and password for administration of the System Telephone Book.

(1) Go to Applications -> System Phonebook -> General.

Basic Settings	
Web Access Username Headquarters	
Web Access Password	
Delete Phonebook	

Fig. 3: Applications-> System Telephone Book -> General

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter a **Web Access Username** for the System Telephone Book administrator, e.g. *Headquarters*. In the phone book area, the administrator can view and modify the phone book, as well as import and export data.
- (2) Enter a **Web Access Password** for the System Telephone Book administrator, e.g. *Headquarters*.
- (3) Press **OK** to confirm your entries.

Entries			
Description .	Phone Number	Speed Dial Number	Call Through
			Page: 1, Max items 1000

Fig. 4: Access configuration for System Telephone Book administrator

#### **Connection data**

You can set up special configuration access for administration of **connection data**. This allows you to view the data collected on incoming and outgoing calls. The type and format of the collected data can also be configured and current records can be exported or deleted.

(1) Go to Applications -> Call Data Records -> General.

Basic Settings		Actions	
Web Access Username connection		Export call data records EXPOR	RT
Web Access Password		Delete call data records DELET	ГЕ
Save outgoing calls	● None ○ All ○ With Project Code only		
Save incoming calls	● None ○ All ○ With Project Code only		
Privacy Number Truncation	Outgoing Calls No • Incoming Calls No •		

#### Fig. 5: Applications -> Call Data Records -> General

Proceed as follows:

- Enter a Web Access Username for the Connection Data administrator, e.g. connection.
- (2) Enter a Web Access Password for the Connection Data administrator, e.g. connection.
- (3) Press **OK** to confirm your entries.

Outgoing									
Automatic Refre	sh Interval 60	Seconds	APPLY						
Date -	Time	Duration	<u>User</u>	<u>Int. No.</u>	Called Name	Called Number	Project Code	Interface	<u>Costs</u>

Fig. 6: Access configuration for Connection Data administrator

#### Mini call centre

The mini call centre is an integrated call centre solution for up to 16 agents. In the submenu **General** you can set up an HTML web interface access for the mini call centre manager. The latter can then monitor the status of lines and agents, and modify the settings for lines and agents.

(1) Go to Applications -> Mini Call Center-> General.

Basic Settings	
Web Access Username Minicall	
Web Access Password	

#### Fig. 7: Applications -> Mini Call Center-> General

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter a **Web Access Username** for the Mini Call Centre administrator, e.g. *Minic-all*. When a user logs into the user interface under this name, he/she has access to the user interface with selected parameters for administration of the call centre.
- (2) Enter a Web Access Password for the Mini Call Centre administrator, e.g. Minicall.
- (3) Press **OK** to confirm your entries.

Status		
Automatic Refresh Interval 60	Seconds APPLY	
View All •		

Fig. 8: Access configuration for Mini Call Center administrator

## 2.3 Overview of Configuration Steps

#### Access configuration for users

Field	Menu	Value
Personal Access	Numbering -> User set- tings -> Users -> Authoriz- ations	Enabled
Login Name	Numbering -> User set- tings -> Users -> Authoriz- ations	e.g. User
Password	Numbering -> User set- tings -> Users -> Authoriz- ations	<b>e.g.</b> User

#### System Telephone Book administration

Field	Menu	Value
Web Access Username	Applications-> System Phonebook -> General	<b>e.g.</b> Headquarters
Web Access Password	Applications-> System Phonebook -> General	<b>e.g.</b> Headquarters

#### Connection data administration

Field	Menu	Value
Web Access Username	Applications ->Call Data Records -> General	e.g. connection
Web Access Password	Applications ->Call Data Records -> General	e.g. connection

#### **Mini Call Centre administration**

Field	Menu	Value
Web Access Username	Applications -> Mini Call Center-> General	e.g. Minicall

Field	Menu	Value
Web Access Password	Applications -> Mini Call Center-> General	e.g. Minicall

## **Chapter 3 Access from the WAN via HTTPS**

## 3.1 Introduction

The following workshop describes how to configure access from the WAN via HTTPS to a **be.IP** / **be.IP plus**.

The GUI (Graphical User Interface) is used for configuring.



Fig. 9: Example scenario

## **Requirements**

A **be.IP** or a **be.IP plus** with up to date firmware, a basic configuration and in the **View** = *Full* Access

## 3.2 Configuration

# 3.2.1 Network Address Translation (NAT) / Port Address Translation (PAT)

Requests for the official address of the **be.IP** (WAN partner) are implemented by a rule and forwarded to the desired IPv4 address on the LAN (exposed host) or to a special DMZ (demilitarised zone, a separate interface monitored by additional firewall rules). In our example the destination for implementation is the **be.IP** itself. For this reason, localhost (127.0.0.1) is used.

In order to protect port scans on the current TCP ports (e.g. 22->ssh, 23->telnet, 80->http, 443->https) from attacks, configure a port address translation (PAT) from the external port 4443 to the internal port 443.

Basic Parameters		Specify original traffic	
Description Admin https 4443	_	Service	User-defined •
		Protocol	TCP •
Interface	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN *	Source IP Address/Netmask	Any 🔻
Type of traffic	incoming (Destination NAT) 🔻	Original Destination IP Address/Netmask	Any 🔻
		Original Destination Port/Range	
		Specify port • 4443	to
Replacement Values			
New Destination IP Address/Netmask	Host • 127.0.0.1		
New Destination Port	Original 443		

(1) Go to Network->NAT->NAT Configuration ->New.

Fig. 10: Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New

- (2) Enter a Description, e.g. Admin\_https\_4443.
- (3) Select an Interface, e.g. WAN\_GERMANY TELEKOM ENTERTAIN.
- (4) Leave the settings Type of traffic = incoming (Destination NAT).
- (5) LeaveService as User-defined.
- (6) Under **Protocol** select *TCP*.
- (7) Select Original Destination Port/Range = Specify port and enter 4443.
- (8) For New Destination IP Address/Netmask = Host enter the value 127.0.0.1.
- (9) Under New Destination Port deactivate Original and enter 443.
- (10) Press **OK** to confirm your settings.

## 3.2.2 Stateful inspection firewall (SIF)

The firewall blocks packets that have passed through the NAT because the WAN partner is deemed "untrustworthy" in the default settings. No initial requests can therefore be made from this interface. Only requests from trustworthy interfaces can be answered. (All LAN interfaces are deemed trustworthy as standard.)

You have to configure a rule that enables the WAN partner access as an exception to default behaviour.



In the firewall, a rule applies that packets enabled by a rule can subsequently no longer be prohibited and vice versa. The sequence of rules is crucial!

In our example the HTTPS service must be enabled for the WAN partner to gain access to the local interface 127.0.0.1.



### Note

HTTPS can be used because PAT has already been carried out.

In the example the service and all necessary interfaces are already predefined. In other circumstances a separate definition might be required beforehand under addresses or services.

Go to Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New.

Basic Parameters	
Source	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN <b>•</b>
Destination	LOCAL
Service	http (SSL)
Action	Access <b>•</b>

Fig. 11: Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New

- (2) Select a Source e.g. WAN GERMANY TELEKOM ENTERTAIN.
- (3) Select the Destination LAN LOCAL.
- (4) Select the Service http (SSL).
- (5) Leave Action Access.
- (6) Press **OK** to confirm your settings.

Under Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules you will see the following overview:

Filter Rule	25								
Order	Source	Destination	Service	Action	Policy active				
1	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN	LOCAL	http (SSL)	Access	Enabled	t,	=+	Ē	1
Default Fi	lter Rules								
Order	Source	Dest	ination	Service	Action	Policy active			
Order	Source Trusted Interfaces	Dest	ination	Service	Action	Policy active	ł.		

Fig. 12: Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules

#### 3.2.3 Administrative access

Next, enable administrative access to the configuration screen for **be.IP** for the desired scenario. To do this, the WAN partner interface must first be added and then access via the *HTTPS* service enabled.

Access							
Interface	Telnet	SSH	HTTP	HTTPS	Ping	SNMP	
en1-4		-		-	-	-	
br0	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SSH							
Service Call Ticket (	SSH Web-Access)	0					

(1) Go to System Management->Administrative Access->Access.

- Fig. 13: System Management->Administrative Access->Access
- (2) Press Add to add the partner WAN interface.

(3) Select the WAN partner interface, e.g. Germany – Telekom Business.



Fig. 14: System Management->Administrative Access->Access->Add

- (4) Press OK to confirm your selection.
- (5) Enable access via the HTTPS service.

Access						
Interface	Telnet	SSH	нттр	HTTPS	Ping	SNMP
en1-4	-	-		-		-
br0	-	-	-			•
Germany - Telekom Entertain				•	•	
SSH						
Service Call Ticket (SSH Web-Access)						

Fig. 15: System Management->Administrative Access->Access->Add

- (6) In the row Germany Telekom Business, check the box in the column HTTPS.
- (7) Press **OK** to confirm your settings.
- (8) Press **save configuration** to save the configuration.

### 3.2.4 Access from the WAN

Access from the WAN to the WAN partner's official IPv4 address with port 4443 produces a warning of an "insecure connection," since the browser cannot verify the certificate behind **be.IP** with a familiar CA.



	You have asked Firefox to connect securely to the secure of the secure of the secure of the secure of the secure.
	Normally, when you try to connect securely, sites will present trusted identification to prove that you are going to the right place. However, this site's identity can't be verified.
	What Should I Do?
	If you usually connect to this site without problems, this error could mean that someone is trying to impersonate the site, and you shouldn't continue.
	Get me out of here!
•	Technical Details
	I Understand the Risks

If you allow the connection anyway, you reach the login page for the **be.IP**.

Welcome to your be.ip_plus
Login with your Username and your password. The default User is 'admin'
User
uumm
Password

Fig. 18: Login page for the **be.IP** 

If the safety warning no longer appears, you must obtain a certificate that is deemed safe by the browser and store this in the **be.IP**.

# 3.3 Overview of Configuration Steps

### NAT / PAT

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> Ad- min_https_4443
Interface	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> WAN_GERMANY_TELEKO M ENTERTAIN
Type of traffic	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	incoming (destination NAT)
Service	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	User-defined
Protocol	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	TCP
Original Destination Port/Range	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Specify Port: 4443
New Destination IP Ad- dress/Netmask	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Host: 127.0.0.1
New Destination Port	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Original <b>deactivate,</b> 443

#### SIF

Field	Menu	Value
Source	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	<b>e.g.</b> WAN_GERMANY_TELEKOM ENTERTAIN
Destination	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	LAN_LOCAL
Service	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	http (SSL)
Action	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	Access

#### **Administrative Access**

Field	Menu	Value
Interface	System Management->Adminis- trative Access->Access->Add	<b>e.g.</b> Germany – Telekom Business

Field	Menu	Value
Germany - Telekom Business	System Management->Adminis- trative Access->Access	HTTPS activated.

# Chapter 4 Access from the WAN to a web server in the LAN

## 4.1 Introduction

The following workshop describes how to configure access from the WAN via HTTPS to a web server.

The GUI (Graphical User Interface) is used for configuring.



Fig. 19: Example scenario

## **Requirements**

A **be.IP** or a **be.IP plus** with up to date firmware, a basic configuration and in the **View** = *Full Access* 

## 4.2 Configuration

## 4.2.1 Network Address Translation (NAT) / Port Address Trans-

## lation (PAT)

Requests for the official address of the **be.IP** (WAN partner) are implemented by a rule and forwarded to the desired IPv4 address on the LAN (exposed host) or to a special DMZ (demilitarised zone; a separate interface monitored by additional firewall rules). In our example the destination for implementation is a web server.

In order to protect port scans on the current TCP ports (e.g. 22->ssh, 23->telnet, 80->http, 443->https) from attacks, you can configure a port address translation (PAT) from the external port 8080 to the internal port 80. However, this is not a requirement for further configuration.

#### **Configuration without PAT**

To configure without PAT, proceed as follows:

(1) Go to Network->NAT->NAT Configuration ->New.

Basic Parameters		Specify original traffic	
Description WEB-Server		Service	http •
		Source in Address Methiask	
Interface	WAN_WAN-PROVIDER	Original Destination IP Address/Netmask	Any 🔻
Type of traffic	incoming (Destination NAT) •		
Replacement Values			
New Destination IP Address/Netmask	Host • 192.168.2.10		
New Destination Port	Original		

Fig. 20: Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New

- (2) Enter a **Description** e.g. WEB-Server.
- (3) Select an Interface, e.g. WAN WAN-Provider as the WAN partner's interface.
- (4) Leave the settings Type of traffic = incoming (Destination NAT).
- (5) Select Service = http.
- (6) In New Destination IP Address/Netmask = Host enter the value 192.168.2.10 as the web server's IP address.
- (7) Leave New Destination Port = Original.
- (8) Press **OK** to confirm your settings.

#### **Configuration with PAT**

As an alternative to configuring without PAT, configure with PAT as follows:

(1) Go to Network->NAT->NAT Configuration ->New.

Basic Parameters		Specify original traffic	
Description WEB-Server		Service	User-defined •
		Protocol	TCP •
Interface	WAN_WAN-PROVIDER	Source IP Address/Netmask	Any 🔻
Type of traffic	incoming (Destination NAT) <b>v</b>	Original Destination IP Address/Netmask	Any •
		Original Destination Port/Range	
		Specify port • 8080	to
Replacement Values			
New Destination IP Address/Netmask	Host • 192.168.2.10		
New Destination Port	Original 80		

Fig. 21: Network->NAT->NAT Configuration ->New

- (2) Enter a **Description**, e.g. *WEB-Server*.
- (3) Select an Interface, e.g. WAN WAN-Provider as the WAN partner's interface.
- (4) Leave the settings Type of traffic = incoming (Destination NAT).
- (5) Leave Service as User-defined.
- (6) Under Protocol select TCP.
- (7) Select Original Destination Port/Range = Specify port and enter 8080.
- (8) In New Destination IP Address/Netmask = Host enter the value 192.168.2.10 as the web server's IP address.
- (9) Under New Destination Port deactivate Original and enter 80.
- (10) Press **OK** to confirm your settings.

## 4.2.2 Stateful inspection firewall (SIF)

The firewall blocks packets that have passed through the NAT, since the WAN partner is deemed "untrustworthy" in the default settings. No initial requests can therefore be made from this interface. Only requests from trustworthy interfaces can be answered. (All LAN interfaces are deemed trustworthy as standard.)

You have to configure a rule that enables the WAN partner access as an exception to default behaviour.



## Note

In the firewall, a rule applies that packets enabled by a rule can no longer be prohibited later and vice versa. The sequence of rules is crucial!

In our example the HTTP service must be enabled for the WAN partner to gain access to the local interface 192.168.0.1.

In the example, all necessary interfaces and the service are already predefined. In other circumstances a separate definition might be required beforehand under addresses or services.

Basic Parameters		
Description WEB-Server		
IPv4		Enabled
Address Type	۲	Address / Subnet O Address Range
Address / Subnet		
	192.168.2.10	/ 255.255.255.0
IPv6		

(1) Go to Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New.

Fig. 22: Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New

- (2) Enter a **Description** e.g. WEB-Server.
- (3) Leave IPv4 Enabled.
- (4) Leave Address Type = Address / Subnet.
- (5) Under Address / Subnet enter e.g. 192.168.2.10 as the web server's address.
- (6) Press **OK** to confirm your settings.
- (1) Go to Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New.

Basic Parameters		
Source	WAN_WAN-PROVIDER	۲
Destination	WEB-Server	T
Service	http	۲
Action		Access <b>*</b>

Fig. 23: Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New

- (2) Select a Source, e.g. WAN\_WAN-PROVIDER.
- (3) Select the Destination WEB-Server.
- (4) Select the Service *http*.
- (5) Leave Action Access.
- (6) Press **OK** to confirm your settings.

Under Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules you will see the following overview:

Filter Rules									
Order	Source	Destination	Service	Action	Policy activ	ve			
1	WAN_WAN-PROVIDER	WEB-Server	http	Access	<b>••</b> E	nabled	†₊ ≡₊	Î	1
Default Filt	er Rules								
Order	Source	2920	Destination		Service	Action	Policy active		
n+1	Trusted Interfaces	1	ANY		ANY	Access	Enabled		
n+2	Untrusted Interfaces		ANY		ANY	Deny	Enabled		

Fig. 24: Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules

# 4.3 Overview of Configuration Steps

### NAT / without PAT

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	e.g. WEB-Server
Interface	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> WAN_WAN-Provider
Type of traffic	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	incoming (destination NAT)
Service	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	http
New Destination IP Ad- dress/Netmask	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Host: 192.168.2.10
New Destination Port	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Original

#### NAT / with PAT

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> WEB-Server
Interface	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> WAN_WAN-Provider
Type of traffic	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	incoming (destination NAT)
Service	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	User-defined
Protocol	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	TCP
Original Destination Port/Range	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	Specify port:8080
New Destination IP Ad- dress/Netmask	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Host: 192.168.2.10
New Destination Port	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Original <b>deactivate,</b> 80

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->NewNew	WEB-Server
IPv4	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New	Enabled
Address Type	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New	Address / Subnet
Address / Subnet	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New	<b>e.g</b> . 192.168.2.10/ 255.255.255.0
Source	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	e.g. WAN_WAN-PROVIDER
Destination	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	WEB-Server
Service	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	http
Action	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	Access

# Chapter 5 Dialling in of an iPhone to a be.IP

## 5.1 Introduction

The following text covers how an iPhone dials via an IPSec-VPN tunnel to a **be.IP** or a **be.IP plus**.

The GUI (Graphical User Interface) is used for configuring.

## Requirements

- A be.IP or a be.IP plus
- An existing configuration as set up by a completed Quick Start assistant.
- BOSS version V.10.1 Rev. 5 or higher. The BOSS version of your **be.IP** can be checked in the menu **System Administration-> Status**.

# 5.2 Configuration

## 5.2.1 Setting up the dialling profile via the Assistant

Leave the **Initial operation** assistant by selecting **View** *Full Access* in the header. First, create the VPN connection.

To do so, go to the Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New menu.



Fig. 25: Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New
Proceed as follows:

- (1) Under VPN Scenario select IPSec Single Client Dialin.
- (2) Click Next to confirm your selection.

Enter the required data for the IPSec scenario in the next step.

Connection Details ?	Remote Network	?
Description liPhone-dialing-in	Local Networks	
	IP Address Netmask	
Local IPSec ID be.ip_plus	192.168.4.251 255.255.255.0	
Remote (PSec ID	192.168.0.251 255.255.255.0	
Phone_beet	Select IP Address Pool DHCF	Adressbereich V
Preshared Key	IP Address Pool for Dialin Clients 192.168.0.1	0-192.168.0.30
Select additional configuration steps:		
Export configuration file for bintec Secure IPSec Client		

#### Fig. 26: Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->Next

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Under **Description** enter a name for the connection, e. g. *iPhone dial-in*.
- (2) Under Remote IPSec ID enter the ID of the remote IPSec peer, e.g. *iPhone peer*.
- (3) A Preshared Key is used for authentication. A combination of letters, numbers and special characters is recommended.
- (4) Under Select IP Address Pool select Internal DHCP address range.
- (5) Please leave the Local IPSec ID unchanged.
- (6) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

#### 5.2.2 Creating / changing iPhone-specific parameters

The iPhone requires special IPSec settings as well as a XAUTH profile.

Go to the VPN->IPSec->XAUTH Profiles ->New menu.

Descripti XAUTI	ion H-Pool		
Role			Server
Mode			Local
Users	Name	Password	
	iPhone xauth		

#### Fig. 27: VPN->IPSec->XAUTH Profiles->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter a **Description** for the XAUTH profile, e.g. XAUTH-POOL.
- (2) Regarding the Role, select Server.
- (3) Regarding the Mode, select Local.
- (4) To better distinguish between the names of the IPSec peers, when under **Users** and then **Name** enter e.g. *iPhone\_xauth*.
- (5) Enter the authentication password (**Password**).
- (6) Confirm with **OK**.

In the next step, it is necessary to adjust the profile for phase 2.

Go to the VPN->IPSec->Phase-2 Profiles menu.

IPSec Phase-2	2 Profiles					
Default	Description	Proposals	PFS Group	Lifetime		
۲	Multi-Proposal	[ESP(AES/SHA-2)] [ESP(AES/SHA-1)] [ESP(3DES/SHA-1)]	5(1536 Bit)	0KB / 2h / 80%	Ĩ	i
0	wz_ipsec_1	[ESP(AES-128/SHA-1)]	5(1536 Bit)	0KB / 8h / 80%	Î	ï

Fig. 28: VPN->IPSec->Phase-2 Profiles

Click on the  $\checkmark$  symbol to process the configured wz\_ipsec\_1 profile.

Phase	e-2 (IPSEC) Parar	neters	
Descri WZ_İ	ption psec_1		
Propo	osals		
	Encryption	Authentication	Enabled
	AES-128 •	SHA1 •	
	AES V	MD5 T	
	AES V	MD5 T	
Use P	FS Group		2(1024 Bit) *
Lifetir	ne		
	7200	Seconds 0	kBytes Rekey after 80
	% Lifetime		

Fig. 29: VPN->IPSec->Phase-2 Profiles

Proceed as follows:

(1) When on **Proposals** select **Authentication** *SHA1*.

#### - Note

It is important NOT to select SHA2!

- (2) Disable the Use PFS Group option.
- (3) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

The profile for phase 2 must also be adapted just as for phase 1.

Go to the VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles menu.

Internet Key Exchange Version 1 (IKEv1)							
Default	Description	Proposals	Authentication	Mode	DH Group	Lifetime	
0	wz_ike_1	[AES/SHA1]	Preshared Keys	Aggressive	5(1536 Bit)	0KB / 8h	• /
۲	Multi-Proposal	[AES/SHA2 256][AES/SHA1][3DES/SHA1]	Preshared Keys	Aggressive	5(1536 Bit)	0KB / 4h	• /
						CREATE NEW IKE	EV1 PROFILE
Internet Key	y Exchange Version 2	2 (IKEv2)					
Default	Description	Proposals			L	ifetime	
۲	Multiproposal	[AES/SHA2 256][AES/SHA1][3DES	/SHA2 256][3DE5/SHA1]		4	h	• /
						CREATE NEW IKE	EV2 PROFILE

Fig. 30: VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles

Click on the  $\checkmark$  symbol to process the configured  $wz_{ike_1}$  profile.

Descrip WZ_ik	tion e_1		[	
Propos	als			
	Encryption	Authentic	ation	Enabled
	AES 🔻	SHA1	•	
	AES 🔻	MD5	•	
	AES V	MD5	•	
DH Gro	pup			2(1024 Bit) •
Lifetim	e	14400	Seconds 0	kByte
Auther	ntication Method			Preshared Keys <b>•</b>
Mode	O Main Moo	de (ID Protect) 🥃	Aggressive 🕕	Strict
Local II	D Туре		Fully Qualified Dom	nain Name (FQDN) 🔻
Local ID	) Value			

## Fig. 31: VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles

Proceed as follows:

(1) When on **Proposals** select **Authentication** *SHA1*.



- (2) Select DH Group 2 (1024 Bit).
- (3) Click Advanced Settings.
- (4) Under Alive Check select the Dead Peer Detection (Idle) option.
- (5) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

The IPSec peer must then be adapted.

Go to the VPN->IPSec->IPSec Peers menu.

Interne	t Key Exchange Ve	rsion 1 (IKEv1)									
Prio	Description	Peer Address	Peer ID	Phase-1 Profile	Phase-2 Profile	Status	Action				
IPSec S	tatic Peers										
1	liPhone-dialing- In		iPhone_peer	wz_ike_1	wz_ipsec_1	٢	^ ~	ţ	Ē	1	۹
Interne	t Key Exchange Vei	rsion 2 (IKEv2)									
Prio	Description	Peer Address	Peer ID	Phase-1 Profile	Phase-2 Profile	Status	Action				

#### Fig. 32: VPN->IPSec->IPSec Peers

Click on the  $\checkmark$  symbol to process the configured <code>iPhone dial-in</code> profile.

Peer Parameters			IPv4 Interface Routes	
Administrative Status		● Up O Down	Security Policy	○ Untrusted
Description liPhone-dialing-in			IPv4 Address Assignment	IKE Config Mode Server <b>•</b>
			Config Mode	Pull O Push
Peer Address	IP Version IPv4 Preferred V		IPv4 Assignment Pool	DHCP Adressbereich •
Peer ID	Key ID •		Local IPv4 Address 192.168.0.101	
Internet Key Exchange	e	IKEv1 ▼		
Preshared Key				
IP Version of the tunn	eled Networks	IPv4 •		

#### Fig. 33: VPN->IPSec->IPSec Peers

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Using the drop-down menu in **Peer ID** select the Key ID value.
- (2) Click Advanced Settings.

	Advanced	d Settings	
Advanced IPSec Options		Advanced IP Options	
Phase-1 Profile	wz_ike_1	Public Interface	Choosen by Routing •
Phase-2 Profile	wz_ipsec_1 •	Public Source IPv4 Address	
XAUTH Profile	XAUTH-Pool •	Public Source IPv6 Address	
Number of Admitted Connections	One User O Multiple Users	IPv4 Back Route Verify	
Start Mode	On Demand O Always up	IPv4 Proxy ARP	○ Inactive ○ Up or Dormant

Fig. 34: VPN->IPSec->IPSec Peers-> ->Advanced Settings

- (3) Check whether the following values were selected:
- (4) Phase-1 Profile: wz\_ike\_1
- (5) Phase-2 Profile: wz\_ipsec\_1
- (6) XAUTH Profile: in this case XAUTH pool (the XAUTH profile that was set up)
- (7) Under IPv4 Proxy ARP select the Up only option.
- (8) Click OK to confirm your entries.

The DNS server must be entered into the DHCP pool so that the iPhone can carry out a DNS resolution.

To do so, go to the Local Services->DHCP Server->IP Pool Configuration menu.

P Pools:					
IP Pool Name_	IP Address Range	Primary DNS Server	Secondary DNS Server		
DHCP Adressbereich	192.168.0.10 - 192.168.0.30	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Ē	1

#### Fig. 35: Local Services->DHCP Server->IP Pool Configuration

Click the *symbol* to edit the *internal* DHCP address range.

IP Pool Name DHCP Adressber	eich intern	
IP Address Range	192. <mark>1</mark> 68.0.10	- 192.168.0.30
DNS Server		
	Primary 192.168.0.1	
	Secondary	

#### Fig. 36: Local Services->DHCP Server->IP Pool Configuration

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Under **DNS Server** enter the primary IP address of the DNS server. Under normal circumstances this is the **be.IP** IP address. The IP address is 192.168.0.1 as a default.
- (2) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

This concludes the configuration. Save the current configuration using the button **Save configuration** as a boot configuration.

## 5.3 Setting up the dialling profile on the iPhone

The IPSec profile is now set up on the iPhone in the final step.

```
To do so, select Settings-> VPN -> Add VPN.
```

<u>}</u>	Note

Note that as of iOS 10 the default selection for VPN profiles is *IKEv2*. *IKEv1* is still available, however. Tap on the **Type** menu and choose *IPSec* in the following selection. After this change all options used in the following instructions are available again.

-119 Telekom.de 🗢 16:39	<b>1</b> ∦ 36 % 💽 +
Abbrechen Digitalisierung	sbox Fertig
cisco	
Тур	IPSec
Beschreibung Digitalisier	ungsbox
Server ihr-dyn-dns	
Account iPhone_xauth	ı
Passwort •••••••	•
Zertifikat verwenden	$\bigcirc \bigcirc$
Gruppenname iPhone_pe	er
Shared Secret ••••••	••

Fig. 37: Settings -> VPN -> Add VPN

You will see the following data on your display:

Type: IPSec

Server: Your fixed public IP address or DynDNS

Password: XAUTH profile user's password

Group name: Name of the IPSec peer that was created under IPSec Peers

Shared Secret: Password that was used for the IPSec peer

## 5.4 Overview of Configuration Steps

Field	Menu	Value
VPN Scenario	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connec- tions->New	IPSec - Individual Client Dial-In
Description	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connec- tions->Next	<b>e.g.</b> <i>iPhone dial-in</i>
Remote IPSec ID	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connec- tions->Next	<b>e.g.</b> <i>iPhone_peer</i>
Preshared Key	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connec- tions->Next	<b>e.g.</b> SuperSecret
Select IP Address Pool	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connec- tions->Next	Internal DHCP ad- dress range

Setting up the dialling profile via the Assistant

#### Creating / modifying the iPhone-specific parameters

Field	Menu	Value
Description	VPN->IPSec->XAUTH Profiles->New	e.g. XAUTH pool
Role	VPN->IPSec->XAUTH Profiles->New	Server
Mode	VPN->IPSec->XAUTH Profiles->New	Local
Users	VPN->IPSec->XAUTH Profiles->New	Name e.g. iPhone_xauth Password e.g. Super- Secret

#### Changing the Phase-2 profile

Field	Menu	Value
Proposals	VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles->New	Authentication SHA1
Use PFS Group	VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles->New	Disabled

#### Changing the Phase-1 profile

Field	Menu	Value
Proposals	VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles->New	Authentication SHA1
DH Group	VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles->New	2 (1024 Bit)
Alive Check	VPN->IPSec->Phase-1 Profiles->New->Advanced Settings	Dead Peer Detec- tion (Idle)

#### Modifying IPSec Peers

Field	Menu	Value
Peer ID	VPN->IPSec->IPSec Peers->New	Key ID
IPv4 Proxy ARP	VPN->IPSec->IPSec Peers->New->Advanced Settings	Up only

#### Configuring the IP pool

Field	Menu	Value
DNS Server	Local Services->DHCP Server->IP	Primary e.g.
	Pool Configuration->New	192.168.0.1

# Chapter 6 Access from WAN via the PPPoE-WAN connection

# 6.1 Introduction

The NAT and firewall settings are described in the following using the example of an "exposed host" for IPv4 access from WAN to an Internet gateway via the PPPoE-WAN connection of a **be.IP**.

## **Requirements**

- A be.IP with current firmware version in the View = Full Access.
- An existing Internet gateway (e.g. firewall appliance) should also be reachable on the Internet for all services (e.g. for IPSec), and act as a default gateway and firewall for data traffic in the existing network, IP telephony and all associated mechanisms (e.g. QoS on the WAN connection) should be taken over by the **be.IP**. In this case the following systems are passed through regarding connections from WAN and must therefore be prepared accordingly:
  - Network Address Translation (NAT/PAT)
  - Stateful Inspection Firewall (SIF).
- This also applies to services that may require a constant source port and is configured by an outgoing NAT rule. This assumes that there is a "normal" WAN configuration with no load distribution scenario and without extended routing with the current firmware version.

# 6.2 Configuration

# 6.2.1 Network Address Translation (NAT) / Port Address Translation (PAT)

The first subsystem that is passed through with IPv4 access from WAN is the Network Address Translation (NAT).

The request is sent to the official IPv4 address of the **be.IP** (that of the WAN connection) and then forwarded to the desired IPv4 address in LAN (exposed host) or to a server in a special DMZ (demilitarized zone, an interface that is separate and monitored by additional firewall rules). In our example the target is implementation in the LAN that is connected to

br0 (IPv4 address 192.168.2.254). For this reason, the designation "Exposed Host" is used.

Go to the Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration ->New menu.

Basic Parameters	Specify original traffic
Description All_to_Firewall	Service User-defined •
Interface WAN GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN V	Protocol Any •
	Source IP Address/Netmask
Type of traffic Incoming (Destination NAT)	Original Destination IP Address/Netmask Any <b>•</b>
Replacement Values	
New Destination IP Address/Netmask Host   I32.168.2.254	

#### Fig. 38: Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter a **Description** such as, e.g. All\_to\_Firewall.
- (2) Select a Interface such as WAN GERMANY TELEKOM ENTERTAIN.
- (3) Leave the settings Type of traffic = incoming (Destination NAT).
- (4) Leave the Service settings as User-defined.
- (5) Leave the **Protocol** settings as Any.
- (6) Ensure that at the option New Destination IP Address/Netmask = host and that the IPv4 address is 192.168.2.254.

This rule means that all IPv4 traffic arriving at the PPPoE-WAN interface will be forwarded to the IP address 192.168.2.254.

(7) Click **OK** to confirm your settings.

The outgoing source ports must now be set for the outgoing traffic regarding sensitive data. This is, for example, necessary for a few manufacturers (LANCOM, Sophos UTM, ...) for starting phase 1 (IKE) of an IPSec connection. This step for IPSec is not necessary if a **be.IP** or a device from bintec elmeg GmbH is in use.

Go to the Network->NAT->NAT Configuration ->New menu.

Basic Parameters		Specify original traffic	
Description IKE_Sourceport		Service User-de	əfined 🔻
Interface	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN •	Protocol Original Source IP Address/Netmask	Any •
Type of traffic	outgoing (Source NAT)  v	Original Source Port/Range	
		Specify port   500 to	
		Destination IP Address/Netmask	Any 🔻
		Specify port   500 to	
Replacement Values			
New Source IP Address/Netmask	Host • 0.0.0.0		
New Source Port	Original		

#### Fig. 39: Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter a **Description** such as, e.g. *IKE\_Sourceport*.
- (2) Select a Interface such as WAN\_GERMANY TELEKOM ENTERTAIN.
- (3) Select the Type of traffic = outgoing (Source NAT) setting.
- (4) For the NAT method select symmetrical .
- (5) Leave the Service settings as User-defined.
- (6) Under Protocol select UDP.
- (7) Select Original Source Port/Range = Specify port then enter 500.
- (8) Select New Destination IP Address/Netmask = Specify port then enter 500.
- (9) The New Source IP Address/Netmask given as 0.0.0.0 acts as a placeholder for the dynamically assigned WAN interface IP address If a "fixed" official IP address is available, then this can be entered here.
- (10) Under New Source Port enable Original.
- (11) Click **OK** to confirm your settings.

For other services that require retention of the **Source Port** then please use the same procedure as the above example. Select the corresponding **Protocol** then enter **Port**.

## 6.2.2 Stateful Inspection Firewall (SIF)

The next subsystem that the packets move through, after the NAT, is the Stateful Inspection Firewall. As the status of the WAN interface is "not trustworthy" no initial requests may be placed in the default settings for this interface, instead only corresponding requests from "trustworthy" interfaces (initially all LAN interfaces) will be answered. Initially, the requests continue to be blocked, this time from the SIF.

A rule that enables this access to be an exception to output behaviour must be created.



With the Stateful Inspection Firewall the rule applies that packages that are permitted due to a rule cannot be subsequently forbidden, and vice versa. If necessary, the sequence of the rules that have been passed through must be observed!

In our example, all protocols and ports for access from the WAN to the IP address of the Internet gateway (192.168.2.254) must be enabled. The required interfaces and the service summary "any" have already been predefined, only the Internet gateway IP address requires definition.

Go to the Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New menu.

Basic Paramete	ers	
Description		
Internet Gatew	ay	
IPv4		Enabled
Address Type	۲	Address / Subnet 🔘 Address Rar
Address / Subne	t	
	192.168.2.254	/ 32
IPv6		

#### Fig. 40: Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New

Proceed as follows:

- (a) Enter a Description such as Internet Gateway.
- (b) Under Address / Subnet enter the IP address of the Internet gateway 192.168.2.254 and the sub-network 32.
- (c) Click **OK** to confirm your settings.

As a new rule access from the WAN interface to the IPv4 address of the Internet gateway is defined for every service and for all protocols.

Go to the Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New menu.

Basic Parameters	
Source	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN V
Destination	Internet Gateway
Service	any
Action	Access <b>*</b>

#### Fig. 41: Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New

Proceed as follows:

- (a) Select a Source such as WAN\_GERMANY TELEKOM ENTERTAIN.
- (b) Select the **Destination** = Intern Gateway.
- (c) Select the Service any.
- (d) Leave Action Access.
- (e) Click **OK** to confirm your settings.

A list of all configured IPv4 filter rules is displayed in the **Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules** menu.

Filter Rul	es							
<u>Order</u>	Source	Destination	Service	Action	Policy active			
1	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN	Internet Gateway	any	Access	Enabled	†↓	=+	1

Fig. 42: Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules

## 6.2.3 Changes to Internet gateway

Regarding the Internet gateway, it is now necessary to adjust the default route and the DNS server, if necessary, to the **be.IP** IP address. The role of time server can also be taken over by the **be.IP**.

#### 6.2.4 Final note

The scenario is also due to the fact that dialling in of several PPPoE connections to one DTAG xDSL connection has been forbidden since January 2015. A routing connection of the **be.IP** could also be configured via the previous PPPoE dial-in of the Internet gateway, however mechanisms that are automatically performed by the **be.IP** for VoIP must be taken over by the Internet gateway. These serve as examples:

- Quality of Service (prioritisation) for telephony packages
- Releases in the firewall for telephony
- NAT mechanisms for the unconnected ports of RTP data
- SRV requests via DNS (for tel.t-online.de) must be properly resolved.

The extremely comprehensive settings in NAT and SIF for forwarding all traffic from the Internet can, of course, be fine-tuned and limited to a greater extent.

This description is based on a completed Quick Start assistant, and if there are already port forwardings in the NAT, then the sequence should be observed, if necessary!

# 6.3 Overview of Configuration Steps

#### NAT configuration (target NAT)

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> <i>All_to_Firewall</i>
Interface	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> WAN_GERMAN – TELEKOM ENTERTAIN
Type of traffic	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	incoming (Destination NAT)
Service	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	User-defined
Protocol	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	ANY
Source IP Address/ Netmask	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	ANY
Original Destination IP Address/Netmask	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	ANY
New Destination IP Ad- dress/Netmask	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	Host: 192,168.2,254

#### NAT configuration (Source NAT)

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> IKE_Sourceport
Interface	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> WAN_GERMAN – TELEKOM ENTERTAIN
Type of traffic	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	outgoing (Source NAT)
NAT method	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	symmetric
Protocol	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	UDP
Original Source Port/ Range	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	Specify port: 500
Destination Port/Range	Network->NAT->NAT Configuration->New	Specify port: 500

Field	Menu	Value
New Source IP Ad- dress/Netmask	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Host: 0.0.0.0
New Source Port	Network->NAT ->NAT Configuration->New	Original

## Stateful Inspection Firewall (SIF)

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New	<b>e.g.</b> Internet Gate- way
IPv4	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New	Enabled
Address Type	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New	Address / Subnet
Address / Subnet	Firewall->Addresses->Address List->New	<b>e.g.</b> 192.168.2.254 / 32

#### **IPv4 Filter Rules**

Field	Menu	Value
Source	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	WAN_GERMAN - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN
Destination	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	Internet Gateway
Service	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	any
Action	Firewall->Policies->IPv4 Filter Rules->New	Access

# Chapter 7 be.IP Secure Client: Configuration of VPN remote access

# 7.1 Introduction

The following passage shows how an IPSec tunnel between a bintec be.IP media and VPN gateway (from software 10.1.5 patch 3 and above) and a be.IP Secure Client (from version 3.04, build 26471 and above) is configured.

The graphical user interface (**GUI**) is used for configuration. You can access help on available configuration options via the online help system.



Fig. 43: Example scenario

## Requirements

- A **be.IP** or a **be.IP plus**, which can be reached via an official IP address or via DynDNS, as well as with an active Internet connection
- A PC or a laptop with an active Internet connection on which the be.IP Secure Client will be installed.
- Licence key and serial number for activation of the be.IP Secure Client

# 7.2 Configuration

## 7.2.1 Start Gateway

- Open a Web browser, enter the IP address of your device into the address field on your Web browser and confirm by pressing Return. The Welcome window opens.
- (2) Enter your login details in the User and Password fields, then click on Login. The status page of the user interface opens in the View User.

## 7.2.2 Configure tunnel with the Assistant VPN

In order to configure the tunnel, use AssistantsVPN.

- (1) Go to Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New.
- (2) Select VPN Scenario IPSec Single Client Dialin.

Select the VPN Scenario:		?
VPN Scenario	IPSec - Single Client Dialin	•

#### Fig. 44: Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New

(3) Click **Next** to confirm your selection.

Enter the required data for the IPSec scenario in the next step.

Connection Details ?	Remote Network	?
Description IPSec_Connection_1	Local Networks	
Local IPSec ID be.ip_plus	IP Address No 192.168.4.251 25	etmask 55.255.255.0
Remote IPSec ID IPSec_Connection_1.	192.168.0.251 25	35.255.255.0
Preshared Key	Select IP Address Pool IP Address Pool for Dialin Clients	DHCP Adressbereich •
Select additional configuration steps:		
Export configuration file for bintec Secure IPSec Client		
Linauleu		

#### Fig. 45: Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New->Next

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Under **Description** enter a name for the connection, e. g. *IPSec\_Connection\_1*.
- (2) Leave the Local IPSec ID unchanged.
- (3) At **Remote IPSec ID** enter the ID of the remote IPSec peer, e.g. *IPSec\_Connection\_1*.
- (4) A Preshared Key is used for authentication.

#### - Note

As **Preshared Key** we recommend using a combination of letters, numbers, and symbols.

(5) Under Select IP Address Pool select a suitable IP address range such as DHCP address range or configure a new address range under WAN->Internet + Dialup->IP Pools->New. In order to configure a new address range, use View Full Access.

#### - Note

We recommend using an IP pool with addresses from the gateway's internal network.

(6) Activate Export configuration file for bintec Secure IPSec Client.



The exported \*.ini file can be imported into a be.IP Secure Client as well as into a bintec elmeg IPSec Secure Client.

(7) Click **OK** to confirm your entries. The following window opens:

Export configuration file for bintec Secure IPSec	Client: ?	Enter the address of the gateway for dialin by client:
Peer Description	IPSec_Connection_1	Public Gateway Address Ihr-Account.dyndns.org
be.IP Secure Client		
Free VPN		📌 be.IP Secure Client
powered by C Bintechner Mittechner Pree VPN Client for & months		Connection Fordie Connection Profile Binte-VPH-Istrugang Connection established. Connection established. Connection established. Connection established.
The be.IP Secure Client is a powerful VPN software application for professional remote access VPN solutions. It enables secure remote access to company data for mobile employees and tele-commuters. The be.IP Secure Client can be used six months for free from the date of license activation.		Statistics:         O 0.94.35         Timeout (sec):         0 sec           Data (Tk2) in KByte:         10.86         Direction:         out           Data (Tk2) in KByte:         10.98         Link Type:         LAN           Speed (KByte/s):         0.117         Encryption:         Triple DES
After the free six months, you can use the <b>bintec</b> elmeg IPSec Secure Client for your remote access.		
Please click on the image to download the free be.IP Secure Client.		

Fig. 46: Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New->Next->OK

(8) Click Export.

An addition window opens.

(9) Select Save File then click OK.

The ini file is saved.

## 7.2.3 Download the be.IP Secure Client

 Click the **be.IP Secure Client** link or the graphic. The bintec elmeg home page opens at the corresponding point.

The <b>be.IP Secure Client</b> is a powerful VPN software applicess VPN solutions.	olication for professional remote	뵭 be.IP Secure Client		
enables secure remote access to company data for m	bile employees and telecommuters.	Connection Configuration	View Help	
he be.IP Secure Client can be used six months for fr	ee from the date of license activation.	Connection Profile: Bintec-VPN-Testzugang		Connection:
After the free six months, you can use the <b>bintec elmeg</b> (0511) for your remote access.	IPSec Secure Client (Article nr:			
for further information regarding the bintec eimeg IPSee ales.channel@bintec-eimeg.com or visit us at <u>http://ww</u>	: Secure Client, please contact: w.bintec-elmeg.com/IPSec-Client-en.	Connection	established.	
		Statistics:	(	<b>~</b> )
		Time online: 00:04:35 Data (Tx) in KByte: 10,66	Timeout (sec): Direction:	0 sec out
		Data (Rx) in KByte: 10,69	Link Type: Encryption:	LAN Triple DES
		Speed (RByte/s). 0,117	anory provin	
be IP Secure Client		Speed (Kbytels). U,117		
pe.IP Secure Client		Speed (Koykes). U, 11		
be IP Secure Client		Speeu (Koykes). U, 17		
be IP Secure Client           downloads available:           be IP-Secure-Client-Win-x86-64-304-26745.exe           27,33 MB, 01.12.2015	be.IP Secure Client 64bit - v3.04 E	Suild 26745		

Fig. 47: Download page for the be.IP Secure Client

- (2) Download the installation file for the be.IP Secure Client from this homepage and save the desired version of the .exe file (32 bit version or 64 bit version, suitable for your operating system) to your PC.
- (3) Save the configuration of your gateway via **Save configuration** button.

#### 7.2.4 Install and configure the be.IP Secure Client

An Assistant is available for installing the be.IP Secure Client.

 Click the exe file that was downloaded from the bintec-elmeg homepage. The be.IP Secure Client - InstallShield Wizard window opens.



Fig. 48: Language selection in InstallShield wizard

(2) Select the installation language, e.g. *German* and then click **OK**. The file is unpacked, you are greeted.

🛃 bintec-elmeg Secure Client	- InstallShield Wizard	×
Teldat Group Company	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for bintec-elmeg Secure Client 3.04 Build 26745	5
Mobile Office bintec-elmeg Secure Client Internet Unterne	The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install bintec-elmeg Secure Client on your computer. To continue, click Next.	
	< Back Next > Cance	

Fig. 49: Welcome page in InstallShield wizard

(3) Click Next.

😸 bintec-elmeg Secure Client - InstallShield Wizard	×
License Agreement Please read the following license agreement carefully.	teldae Group Company
bintec elmeg GmbH Client Software Licens	e Agreement 🔒
As of: November 2014	
The terms of the License for use by you, the end us hereinafter as the "Licensee") of software supplied by (hereinafter "bintec") are set out below. By reading a this notice_you agree to these terms and conditions I accept the terms in the license agreement I do not accept the terms in the license agreement	er (referred to / bintec and accepting so please read * <u>Print</u>
InstallShield	> Cancel

Fig. 50: Licence agreement in InstallShield wizard

(4) Read the licence conditions. Enable I accept the terms of the licensing agreement then click Next.

😼 bintec-elmeg Secure Client - InstallShield Wizard	<b>X</b>
Custom Setup Select the program features you want installed.	teldat Croup Company
Click on an icon in the list below to change how a feature is in	nstalled.
Secure Client VPN Credential Provider	Feature Description bintec-elmeg Secure Client incl. Dynamic Personal Firewall.
	This feature requires 0KB on your hard drive. It has 0 of 1 subfeatures selected. The subfeatures require 56MB on your hard drive.
Install to: C:\Program Files (x86)\bintec-elmeg\bintec-elmeg Secure Clie	ent\ <u>C</u> hange
InstallShield Space < <u>B</u> ack	Next > Cancel

Fig. 51: Setup in the InstallShield wizard

(5) Keep the setting **Secure Client** then click **Next**.

😸 bintec-elmeg Secure Client - InstallShield Wizard	<b>X</b>
Advanced Options	bintec elmeg
Display the Program Icons on the Desktop.	
☑ Show the Program Icon on Desktop	
InstallShield	> Cancel

Fig. 52: Allow the icon to be displayed in InstallShield wizard

- (6) If you want an icon to be displayed on your PC desktop for be.IP Secure Client, enable the Display program icons on desktop then click Next. Preparations for installation are complete.
- (7) Click Install.

😸 bintec-elmeg Secure Client - InstallShield Wizard	×
Ready to Install the Program	bintec elmeg
The wizard is ready to begin installation.	Teldat Group Company
Click Install to begin the installation.	
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, clic exit the wizard.	k Back. Click Cancel to
InstallShield	
< <u>B</u> ack	Cancel

*Fig. 53: End of preparations in the* **InstallShield wizards** The be.IP Secure Client is installed.



Fig. 54: Install be.IP Secure Client in InstallShield wizard

財 bintec-elmeg Secure Client	- InstallShield Wizard
bintec elmeg Teldat Group Company	InstallShield Wizard Completed
Mobile Office Free VPN Dintec-elmeg Secure Client Internet Free Central Office VPN	The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed bintec-elmeg Secure Client. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
	< <u>B</u> ack Finish Cancel

*Fig. 55: be.IP Secure Client is installed* Installation is complete.

(8) Click on Complete.



Fig. 56: Installation information for the **be.IP Secure Client** 

(9) Click Yes to restart your PC.

ſ

## 7.2.5 Enable software and load file

The be.IP Secure Client and the assistant for software enabling automatically start after the PC is rebooted. An active internet connection is required for software activation.

(1) Enter the licence data.

Ŧ	Note
	The serial number of a be.IP Client license consists of eight digits and begins with
	300.

Assistent für Software-Aktivierung	×
Lizenzdaten Wie lauten die Lizenzdaten?	teldae Croup Company
Bitte geben Sie die Lizenzdaten der be.IP Secure C	lient Software ein.
Lizenzschlüssel: 3088 - 2210 - 5764	- X000X - X000X
Seriennummer:	
	Zurück Weiter > Abbrechen

Fig. 57: Assistant for software enabling: Enter license data

(2) Click Next.

Online activation of the software is carried out.

Assistent für Software-Aktivierung	X
Status Online-Aktivierung Die Online-Aktivierung wird durchgeführt.	bintec elmeg Teldat Croup Company
Verbindung zum Internet wird aufgebaut und die Online-Akt durchgeführt.	tivierung wird
<ul> <li>Aktivierungsdaten werden erstellt</li> <li>Daten werden zum Aktivierungs-Server gesendet</li> </ul>	
Software wird aktiviert	
<ul> <li>Lizenzdaten werden aktualisiert</li> </ul>	
Erfolgreiche Software-Aktivierung	
< <u>Z</u> urück	<u>Fertigstellen</u> <u>Abbrechen</u>

Fig. 58: Successful software activation

- (3) When the software is successfully enabled, click **Finish**.
- (4) When the software is enabled, load the ini file that was created using the gateway.

Profil Import Assistent	×
Importdatei wählen Aus welcher Datei soll die Konfiguration gelesen werden?	bintec elmeg Teldat Group Company
Bitte wählen Sie die Importdatei, aus der die neuen Profile eir Die Importdatei muss mit dem vollständigen Pfad angegeben	ngelesen werden sollen. werden.
Dateiname:	
C:\IPSec_Connection_1.ini	
< Zurück	Weiter > Abbrechen

Fig. 59: Load ini file

- (5) Select the required file, e.g. *IPSec\_Connection\_1.ini* and click Next.
- (6) Click Finish.

## 7.2.6 Establish IPSec connection

The IPSec connection can be established when enabling is complete and an ini file has been loaded.

- (1) For this purpose, select **be.IP Secure Client** from the **Connection Profile** the profile you have loaded, e.g. *IPSec\_Connection\_1*.
- (2) Click the **Connection** field.

The connection is established. The colour of the field changes from red to green.

🏓 be.IP Secure C	lient		
Connection Confi	iguration \	/iew Help	
Connection Profile	:		<u>C</u> onnection:
Bintec-VPN-Testzu	igang	•	
Ca	onnection e	stablished.	Electrop Company
Statistics: Time online: Data (Tx) in KByte: Data (Rx) in KByte: Speed (KByte/s):	00:04:35 10,66 10,69 0,117	Timeout (se Direction: Link Type: Encryption:	c): 0 sec out LAN Triple DES

Fig. 60: IPSec connection is created

## 7.2.7 Split tunnel

By default the client sends all data packets into the active tunnel. If you want access to a specific destination network, then you must enter the IP address of this private destination network.

- For this purpose, go to be.IP Secure Client Configuration->Profiles in the menu. The Profiles window opens.
- (2) Double-click on the profile you have set up, e.g. IPSec\_Connection\_1. The profile settings IPSec\_Connection\_1 window opens.
- (3) Click Split Tunneling on the left-hand side of the list.
| Grundeinstellungen       Bintec-VPN         Grundeinstellungen       Split Tunneling         Verbindungssteuerung       Entfernte IP-Netze, zu denen der VPN-Tunnel genutzt werden soll. Ohne         Erweiterte IPsec-Optionen       Einträge wird immer der Tunnel benutzt. |  |                        |                                    |      | )<br>ne   |
|---|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|------|-----------|
| Split Tunneling   |  | Entfernte IP-Netzwerke | Entfernte IP-Netzr                 | mask |           |
|   |  | 192.168.10.0           | 255.255.255.0                      |      |           |
|   |  |                        |                                    |      |           |
|   |  |                        |                                    |      | _         |
|   |  |                        |                                    |      | _         |
|   |  | Hinzufügen Bearl       | Deiten Lösch<br>unnel weiterleiten | en   |           |
|   |  |                        | Hilfe                              | ОК   | Abbrechen |

Fig. 61: Split Tunneling

(4) Click Add.

The IP networks window opens.

- (5) Enter the IP address and the netmasks of your private network, e.g. 192.168.10.0 and 255.255.255.0 and click OK.
   Your network is displayed in the list.
- (6) Click **OK**. The **IP networks** window closes.
- (7) Click **OK**.

The Profiles window closes.

## 7.3 Overview of Configuration Steps

#### **Start Gateway**

Field	Window	Value
User	Welcome	e.g. admin
Password	Welcome	e.g. User

### Configure tunnel with the Assistant VPN

Field	Menu	Value
VPN Scenario	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New	<b>e.g.</b> IPSec - Single Client Dialin
Description	Assistants->VPN->VPN	e. g.

Field	Menu	Value
	Connections->New->Con- tinue	IPSec_Connection_1
Local IPSec ID	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New->Con- tinue	Leave the displayed value unchanged, e.g. <i>be.IP+</i>
Remote IPSec ID	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New->Con- tinue	<b>e.g.</b> IPSec_Connection_1
Preshared Key	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New->Con- tinue	<b>e.g.</b> Secret_1
Select IP Address Pool	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New->Con- tinue	<b>e.g.</b> DHCP address range
Export configuration file for bintec Secure IPSec Client	Assistants->VPN->VPN Connections->New->Next- >OK	Enabled

## bintec-elmeg Secure Client - InstallShield wizard

Field	Menu	Value
Language	ОК	<b>e.g.</b> German
I accept the conditions of the licence agreement	OK->Next	Enabled
Secure Client	OK->Next->Next	Enabled
Display program icons on the desktop	OK ->Next->Next->Next->In- stall->Finish->Yes	e.g. enabled

## Software enabling assistant

. <b>.</b>		
Field	Menu	Value
Online activation	Activation	Enabled
Licence Key	Activation ->Activation->Next	<b>e.g.</b> 3088 - 2210 - 5764 - 6789 - 1234
Serial number	Activation ->Activation->Next	e.g. 30001234
Select import file	Activation ->Activation ->Next ->Next	e.g. C:\IPSec_Connection_1 .ini

## be.IP Secure Client: Establish IPSec connection

Field	Menu	Value
Connection profile	Window be.IP Secure Client	e. g.
		IPSec_Connection_1

## be.IP Secure Client: Share tunnel

Field	Menu	Value
Available Profiles	Configuration ->profiles	e.g. double-click on IPSec_Connection_1
List on left-hand side	Configuration ->Profiles ->Add	Split Tunneling
IP network	Configuration ->Profiles ->Add	<b>e.g.</b> 192.168.10.0
Netmask	Configuration ->Profiles ->Add ->OK->OK->OK	<b>e.g.</b> 255.255.255.0

# Chapter 8 be.IP plus as PBX with two xDSL connections

## 8.1 Introduction

The following workshop describes the configuration of a **be.IP plus** as a telephone system with two xDSL connections by means of load distribution and permanently assigned SIP lines (no nomadic use).

It is possible to link individual VoIP connections to a specific WAN connection from firmware status 10.1.5 onwards. This is made possible via the mechanism for **locations** that is already used for registrations and also defines the outgoing interface for VoIP packages of a SIP connection.

This state is necessary due to the lack of other decision-making criteria, as the registrar IP address, ports, and DSCP values are identical. In addition, it should be taken into account that IPv6 is activated with only one of the WAN connections, as all operating systems and their applications such as, e.g. MS Windows are not capable of using several IPv6 prefixes in load distribution scenarios, and that this task cannot be taken over by the **be.IP** as there is no NAT either.

The GUI (Graphical User Interface) is used for configuring.



Fig. 62: Example scenario

## Requirements

The following prerequisites for configuration must be met:

- A be.IP plus with system software 10.1.5 patch 6
- Two independent VDSL internet connections
- An external VDSL modem that is connected to eth1-4 (physical port LAN5) of the be.IP

## 8.2 Configuration

## 8.2.1 Setting up the WAN connection

Both WAN connections must be set up first. Follow the **Initial operation Telekom** steps for the WAN connection via the internal VDSL modem (for a connection to Deutsche Telekom). Use the **Next** button to carry out the individual steps.

#### WAN connection via the internal modem of the be.IP

The connection to Deutsche Telekom that is configured via the Quick Start wizard can be seen in the menu WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE->Germany - Telekom Entertain -> . The IPv6 option is activated.

Basic Parameters		IPv4 Settings	
Description Germany - Telekom Entertain		Security Policy	• Untrusted O Trusted
		IP Address Mode	🔘 Static 🔘 Get IP Address
PPPoE Mode	Standard O Multilink	Default Route	Enabled
PPPoE Ethernet Interface	Automatic 🔻	Create NAT Policy	Enabled
User Name #0001@t-online.c			-
Password			
Always on	Enabled		
IPv6 Settings			
IPv6 Settings IPv6	Enabled		
IPv6 Settings IPv6 Security Policy	Enabled     Untrusted O Trusted		
IPv6 Settings IPv6 Security Policy IPv6 Mode	Enabled Untrusted O Trusted Trusted		
IPv6 Settings IPv6 Security Policy IPv6 Mode Accept Router Advertisement	Enabled Untrusted O Trusted Host Enabled		
IPv6 Settings IPv6 Security Policy IPv6 Mode Accept Router Advertisement DHCP Client	Enabled • Untrusted O Trusted • Host Enabled Enabled		
IPv6 Settings IPv6 Security Policy IPv6 Mode Accept Router Advertisement DHCP Client IPv6 Addresses	Enabled Untrusted O Trusted Host Enabled Enabled		
IPv6 Settings IPv6 Security Policy IPv6 Mode Accept Router Advertisement DHCP Client IPv6 Addresses Link Prefix Host Address	Enabled Constructed O Trusted Constructed Enabled Enabled		

Fig. 63: WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE->Germany - Telekom Entertain -> >

be.IP

In order to avoid disruptions of the first existing VDSL-WAN path via the internal modem, the **Metric** of the standard route must initially be set to 0 via the relevant WAN interface. As the **be.IP** also receives a standard route together with the WAN-IP via the second xDSL route - albeit with metric 1 - this step is expedient (particularly with remote configuration).

(1) Go to the Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration menu.

Routes								
Destination IP Address	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Metric	Route Type	Extended Route		
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN	1	Default Route via Gateway		•	1

Fig. 64: Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration

(2) Select the symbol so that the WAN\_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN entry can be processed.

Basic Parameters		Route Parameters
Route Type	Default Route via Gateway 🔻	Gateway IP Address
Interface	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN *	
Route Class		Metric O V

Fig. 65: Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration

- (3) Under Metric select the priority of the route, which is 0 in our example.
- (4) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

## WAN connection via the external modem to en1-4 (physical port LAN5)

The second connection is created via the external modem to en1-4 with the aid of **Assistants**.

- (1) To do so, go to the Assistants->Internet->Internet Connections->New menu.
- (2) For Connection Type, select External xDSL Modem.

Select Internet connection type:	)	?
Connection Type	External xDSL Modem	•

Fig. 66: Assistants->Internet->Internet Connections->New

- (3) Click on **Next** to configure a new internet connection.
- (4) Enter the required data for the connection.

escription Felekon_xDSL2	
Select the physical Ethernet port the external modem is connected to:	Select your Internet Service Provider (ISP) from the list:         ?
Physical Ethernet Port	5 v Type Predefined v
	Country Germany •
	Internet Service Provider Telekom 🔻
Enter the authentication data for your Internet account:	?         Select the connection mode:         ?
Connection ID	Always active   Enabled
Access Number (formerly T-Online Number)	
Co-User Number 0001	
Password	
Select the IPv6 Configuration	9
IPv6	

#### Fig. 67: Assistants->Internet Access->Internet Connections->New->Next

## Note

The message you get when you create the second DSL connection may be ignored. The IP load distribution avoids routing conflicts due to multiple standard routes!

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Under **Description** enter any name for the Internet connection, e.g. *Telekom xDSL2*
- (2) Under **Physical Ethernet Port** select the port that is connected to the xDSL modem, in this case *ETH5* (this corresponds to the LAN5 connection of the device).
- (3) Under Type select the option *Predefined*.
- (4) Select the **Country** where Internet access should be set up, in this case Germany.
- (5) Select your Internet Service Provider from the list, in this case Telekom.
- (6) Under Connection ID enter the 12-digit user account obtained from your provider,

**e.g.** 123456789012.

- (7) Enter the usually 12-digit Access Number that you have received from your provider, e.g. 123456789012.
- (8) Enter the **Password** that your provider has given you, e.g. *test12345*.
- (9) In the Always on field, specify whether or not the Internet connection should always be active. Only select this option if you have flatrate Internet access.
- (10) The control box IPv6 remains deactivated.
- (11) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

Depending on the setting of the upstream modem, the VLAN ID 7 in the menu WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE-> -> Telekom\_xDSL2 may have to be removed.

Basic Parameters		IPv4 Settings	
Description Telekom_xDSL2		Security Policy	O Trusted O Trusted
		IP Address Mode	🔘 Static 🔘 Get IP Address
PPPoE Mode	Standard O Multilink	Default Route	Enabled
PPPoE Ethernet Interface	en1-4 🔻	Create NAT Policy	Enabled
User Name #0001@t-online.c			
Password			
VLAN	Enabled		
VLAN ID			
Always on	Enabled		

Fig. 68: WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE-> -> Telekom\_xDSL2

## 8.2.2 Setting up the WAN interface for the SIP connection

The SIP connections must still be fixedly linked to the relevant xDSL-WAN interfaces in the next step.

For connection via the internal modem of the **be.IP**, go to the menu **VoIP->Settings->Loc**ations.



#### Fig. 69: VoIP->Settings->Locations

Proceed as follows:

- (1) When in **Default Behavior** keep the setting *Registration for Private Networks Only*.
- (2) Click on New to create new entries.

Basic Setti	ngs	
Description WAN_xDS	SL	
Parent Loca	ation	None <b>T</b>
Туре		○ Addresses
Interfaces		
	Interface	
(	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN ▼	
A	DD	
Upstream E	Bandwidth Limitation	
Downstream	m Bandwidth Limitation	

#### Fig. 70: VoIP->Settings->Locations->New

- (3) State a **Description** for the entry, in this case *WAN\_xDSL*.
- (4) Under Type select the Interface option. The SIP location is defined via the avail-

able interfaces.

- (5) Under Interfaces click Add and select the desired interface, in this case WAN GERMANY TELEKOM ENTERTAIN.
- (6) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

The configuration must be carried out for **both** xDSL-WAN connections and the associated SIP connections. Configure the external xDSL modem in the same manner as configuring the internal modem.

- (1) State a **Description** for the entry, in this case *Telekom\_xDSL2*.
- (2) Under Type select the Interface option.
- (3) Under Interfaces click Add and select the desired interface, in this case WAN\_TELEKOM\_xDSL2.
- (4) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

Now select the newly defined Location regarding the connection to Deutsche Telekom.

To do so, go to the VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider menu.

SIP Provid	der						
No.	Description	Registrar	Access Type	Status	Action		
1	+49911	tel.t-online.de	Single Number(s)	2	~ ~	1	1
						Page: 1, Items: 1	I - 1, Max items 25



Proceed as follows:

- Select the symbol to process the SIP provider.
- (2) Click Advanced Settings.

Ргоху		
Proxy	_	
Proxy Port 5060		
Transport Protocol		● UDP ○ TCP ○ TLS
Further Settings		
From Domain		
Number of allowed simultaneous Calls		No Limitation <b>•</b>
Location		WAN_xDSL V
Dial End Monitoring Time 5	Seconds	
Call Hold inside the PBX system		Enabled

Fig. 72: VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider->New+Advanced Settings

- (3) Select the newly defined Location of the SIP provider, in this case WAN\_XDSL.
- (4) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

## 8.2.3 Setting up the load distribution

A **Load Balancing Group** needs to have been created before you can set up the load distribution.

Go to the Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New menu.

Basic Parameters				
Group Description xDSL1/xDSL2				
Distribution Policy	Set	ssion-Round-Robin 🔻		
Distribution Mode	🔿 Always 🖲 Onl	y use active interfaces		
Interface Selection for [	Distribution			
Interface	Distribution Ratio	Route Selector	Tracking IP Address	
ADD				
4				5

#### *Fig. 73:* Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter any Group Description such as, e.g. *xDSL1/xDSL2*.
- (2) Under **Distribution Policy** select the process according to which the data are distributed, in this case *Session-Round-Robin*.

The two xDSL Internet accesses can then be added to this load balancing group.

(3) To do so, click Add.

Basic Parameters	
Group Description	xDSL1/xDSL2
Distribution Policy	Session-Round-Robir
Interface Selection for Di	stribution
Interface Selection for Dis	Stribution

#### Fig. 74: Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New->Add

(4) Under Interface select the first xDSL access WAN GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTER-

TAIN.

- (5) In **Distribution Ratio** enter the percentage of the data traffic to be assigned to an interface. It is 50 % in our example.
- (6) Click Apply.
- (7) Use Add to add the second xDSL line.

Group Description	xDSL1/xDSL
Distribution Policy	Session-Round-Robi
Interface Selection for Distribution	
Interface Selection for Distribution	WAN_TELEKOM_XDSL2 V
Interface Selection for Distribution Interface Distribution Ratio	WAN_TELEKOM_XDSL2

Fig. 75: Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New->Add

- (8) Under Interface select the second xDSL access WAN\_TELEKOM\_XDSL2.
- (9) When on **Distribution Ratio** enter 50 %.
- (10) Click Apply.

After this configuration step, the two Internet connections can be used with the load distribution.

Interface Selection for Distribution					
Interface	Distribution Ratio	Route Selector	Tracking IP Address		
WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN	50 %			î	1
WAN_TELEKOM_XDSL2	50 %			î	i
ADD					

Fig. 76: Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups

Distribution ratios shall be adjusted accordingly in case of differing speeds on WAN routes or in case of a larger number of WAN routes involved in load distribution.

# 8.2.4 Special load distribution handling for encrypted connections

With the configuration now complete, IP sessions are distributed half and half to the two xDSL lines. This behaviour can lead to problems and losses of connection with certain protocols (e. g. encrypted HTTPS connections). The reason for these connection problems lies in the different Internet IP address of the two xDSL connections. With parallel connections to the same server, the two xDSL lines would be used alternately. To get around this difficulty, IP sessions that are associated can temporarily be connected to one of the Internet connections. This type of critical connection is configured in the **Special Session Handling** menu.

Go to the Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New menu.

Basic Parameters		
Admin Status		Enabled
Description https		
Service		http (SSL)
Destination IP Address/Netmask		Any 🔻
Source Interface	Any	
Source IP Address/Netmask		Any 🔻
Special Handling Timer 900	Seconds	

#### Fig. 77: Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Under **Description** enter a name for the entry, e.g. https ein.
- (2) Under Service select http (SSL).
- (3) The **Special Handling Timer** should be set to 900 seconds.
- (4) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with **OK**.
- (5) Click New again.

Basic Parameters		
Admin Status		Enabled
Description		
ssh		
Service		ssh
Destination IP Address/Netmask		Any
Source Interface	Any	•
Source IP Address/Netmask		Any
Special Handling Timer		
900	Seconds	

Fig. 78: Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New

- (1) State a **Description** for the entry, e.g. *ssh*.
- (2) Select Service *ssh*.
- (3) The **Special Handling Timer** should be set to 900 seconds.
- (4) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with **OK**.

## 8.2.5 Adjusting the metric

As a load distribution group only becomes active when the default routers belonging to the WAN connections have the same metric, the WAN connection metric that was changed to o in an earlier step must now be reset back to metric 1 instead.

Go to the Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration menu.

Routes								
Destination IP Address	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Metric	Route Type	Extended Route +		
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN	0	Default Route via Gateway		Î	1
0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	WAN_TELEKOM_XDSL2	1	Default Route via Gateway		î	1

#### Fig. 79: Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration

Click on the rsymbol to edit the entry.

Basic Parameters		Route Parameters
Route Type	Default Route via Gateway 🔻	Gateway IP Address 0.0.0.0
Interface	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN *	
Route Class	Standard O Extended	Metric 1.

Fig. 80: Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration->

- (2) Under Metric select the priority of the route, which is 1 in our example.
- (3) Confirm with OK.

The load distribution between both xDSL connections is now active.

## 8.3 Concluding notes

If IPSec tunnels are initiated from a specific interface active with the load distribution group, this must be specified in the **Advanced Settings** for the respective tunnel under the IPSec menu.

The identical WAN interface via which the request was made is again selected automatically in response for forwarding via NAT/PAT. No further configuration steps are required.

IPv6 data traffic is, for example, only routed using the first xDSL-WAN connection, but is also included in the load on the interface.

If both WAN connections support an IPv6 load distribution group, then it must be deactivated on one or the two. In IPv6 there is no NAT mechanism and no proprietary "prefix masking" is implemented. As the selection of the source IP is a matter for the network client behind the **be.IP** it is not otherwise possible to guarantee trouble-free function of services.

# 8.4 Overview of Configuration Steps

## Setting up WAN connection via the internal modem

Field	Menu	Value
IPv6	WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE->Germany - Telekom Entertain ->	Enabled
Metric	Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration->	0

### Setting up WAN connection via the external modem

Field	Menu	Value
Connection Type	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New	External xDSL Mo- dem
Description	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	<b>e.g.</b> Telekom_xDSL2
Physical Ethernet Port	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	<b>e.g.</b> <i>ETH5</i>
Туре	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	Predefined
Country	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	Germany
Internet Service Pro- vider	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	<b>e.g.</b> Telekom
Connection ID	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	<b>e.g.</b> 123456789012
Access Number	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	<b>e.g.</b> 123456789012
Co-User Number	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	0001
Password	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	<b>e.g.</b> <i>test12345</i>
Always on	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	Enabled
IPv6	Assistants->Internet Access->Inter- net Connections->New->Next	Disabled

Field	Menu	Value
Default Behavior	VoIP->Settings->Locations	Registration for Private Networks Only
Description	VoIP->Settings->Locations->New	e.g. WAN_xDSL
Туре	VoIP->Settings->Locations->New	Interfaces
Interfaces	VoIP->Settings->Locations->New	Add and WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTER- TAIN
Location	VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider->New+Advanced Settings	WAN_xDSL
Description	VoIP->Settings->Locations->New	<b>e.g.</b> Telekom_xDSL2
Туре	VoIP->Settings->Locations->New	Interfaces
Interfaces	VoIP->Settings->Locations->New	Add and WAN_TELEKOM_XDSL2

## Setting up WAN connection via the external modem

## Setting up the load distribution

Field	Menu	Value
Group Description	Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New	<b>e.g.</b> xDSL1 / xDSL2
Distribution Policy	Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New	Session- Round-Robin
Interface	Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New->Add	WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN
Distribution Ratio	Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New->Add	50 %
Interface	Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New->Add	WAN_TELEKOM_XDSL2
Distribution Ratio	Network->Load Balancing->Load Balancing Groups->New->Add	50 %
Description	Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New	<b>e.g.</b> https
Service	Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New	http (SSL)
Special Handling Timer	Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New	900 seconds

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New	e.g. ssh
Service	Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New	ssh
Special Handling Timer	Network->Load Balancing->Special Session Handling->New	900 seconds

## Adjusting the metric

Field	Menu	Value
Metric	Network->Routes->IPv4 Route	1
	Configuration->	

# Chapter 9 Telephoning via a SIP provider using the be.IP plus

## 9.1 Introduction

The following describes how to set up a SIP provider in the **be.IP plus**.



### Note

The pictured information is only provided as an example. Please use the data obtained from your SIP provider.

An overview of the SIP providers tested so far can be found on the internet at http://faq.bintec-elmeg.com/index.php/Konfiguration\_SIP\_Provider.

Certain presettings are of importance when using a domestic SIP provider in order, for example, to ensure that only the number is entered, as opposed to the entire area code and number, when making a local call.

## Variant 1

In this example, the **be.IP plus** are connected directly to the Internet via your internal DSL modem.



Fig. 81: Example scenario

## **Requirements**

- Internet access via the integrated ADSL/ADSL2+ modem
- An **be.IP plus** as of system software version 10.1, Rev. 5, is used as a DHCP and DNS server in the network.
- elmeg IP120 telephone as of firmware version 01.00.04
- elmeg S560 telephone as of firmware version 1.400
- Connecting the **be.IP plus** to all terminals and connections as indicated in the circuit diagram

## Variant 2

This example describes how to integrate an **be.IP plus** into an existing network with a gateway, e.g. **bintec RS353jw**.



Fig. 82: Example scenario

## **Requirements**

- An existing network with bintec RS353jw gateway, as of system software version 10.1, Rev. 4. The bintec RS353jw gateway is used as a DHCP and DNS server in the network.
- An be.IP plus as of system software version 10.1, Rev. 5
- elmeg IP120 telephone as of firmware version 01.00.04
- elmeg S560 telephone as of firmware version 1.400
- Connecting the **be.IP plus** to all terminals and connections as indicated in the circuit diagram

## 9.2 Basic Configuration

<u> </u>	Note
	NOLE

Follow the **Initial Steps** and **Internet Access** Wizards for the general network configuration.

# 9.2.1 Variant 1: Network configuration with direct Internet connection

## 9.2.1.1 Configuration of be.IP plus

You must configure your **be.IP plus**as a DHCP server.



In order to configure the **be.IP plus** as a DHCP server, please read the chapter on Variant 3 of the "Connecting **elmeg** telephones" telephony workshop.

## 9.2.2 Variant 2: Network configuration with gateway

## 9.2.2.1 Configuration of the gateway (bintec RS353jw)

You must change the VoIP settings of the gateway. The configuration is done using the gateway GUI. A DHCP server must also be set up.



## Note

In order to configure the DHCP server, please read the chapter on Variants 1 and 2 of the "Connecting **elmeg** telephones" telephony workshop.

- (1) Go to Assistants->VoIP PBX in LAN->New.
- (2) Select the WAN interface for VoIP prioritisation to be used by the VoIP PBX to access the internet in the LAN, e.g. Internet-PPPOE.
- (3) Click Next.

WAN interface for VoIP prioritisation		efm35-60	
Maximu 2000	um Upload Speed	kbps	
DSCP	value to prioritize RTP data		TOS Binary Value   I0111000
DSCP value to prioritize SIP protocol messages		TOS Binary Value   TOS Binary Value	
IP Ad(	dress of VoIP PBX within your LAN		
IP AG	IP Address		
IP AOC	IP Address 192.168.0.251		ī
IP Add	IP Address  192.168.0.251  ADD		•

#### Fig. 83: Assistants->VoIP PBX in LAN->New

Proceed as follows to make the SIP settings:

- (1) Enter the Maximum Upload Speed for you internet connection, here e.g. 2000 kbps.
- (2) The parameters DSCP value to prioritize RTP data and DSCP value to prioritize SIP protocol messages are to be found by the manufacturer of the PBX or the VoIP telephone.
- (3) Enter the IP Address of VoIP PBX within your LAN, e.g. 192.168.0.251.
- (4) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with **OK**.



## Note

Ensure you make the above settings in any case as otherwise it may lead to problems when making calls via a SIP provider.

## 9.2.2.2 Configuration of be.IP plus

You must configure the gateway and the DNS server settings of the **be.IP plus**. The configuration is done using the **be.IP plus** GUI.

(1) Go to Assistants->First steps->Basic Setup.

Enter the basic system settings.	0	Enter the System Admin Password:	۲
System Name be.ip_plus		System Admin Password	
Location		Confirm Admin Password	
Const. BINTECELMEG			
Select the physical Ethernet port that is used to connect to the LAN:	9	Enter the LAN IPv4 Configuration:	0
Physical Ethernet Port (LAN)	ETH1 ¥	Logical Ethernet/Bridge Interface	br0
		Address Mode	● Static ○ DHCP Client
		IP Address 192, 168.0.251	
		Netmask 255.255.255.0	
		Default Gateway IP Address 192.168.0.254	
		Fixed DNS Server Address	Enabled
		DNS Server 1	192.168.0.254
		DNS Server 2	0.0.0.0
		A Warning! Configuration connection may be lost when cha again to proceed!	nging the IP Address! Click OK and login
Is this device used as DHCPv4 Server?	0	Enter the IPv6 Configuration	•
Use this device as DHCPv4 server		IPv6	0

#### Fig. 84: Assistants->First steps->Basic Setup

Proceed as follows to make the gateway and DNS settings:

- (1) Enter the IP address of your gateway that you use to provide Internet access under **Default Gateway IP Address**, e.g. 192.168.0.254.
- (2) Enable Fixed DNS Server Address.
- (3) Enter the IP address of the name server for Internet address name resolution under

**DNS Server1**; here it is 192.168.0.254.

(4) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with OK.

# 9.2.3 Variants 1 + 2: Configuration of country settings in the be.IP plus

By setting the parameters **International Prefix / Country Code**/Country Code and National Prefix / City Code/Area Code, international and national numbers are automatically generated without the need for any additional entries when dialling them via the SIP provider. Such configuration also allows the correct distribution of calls for incoming call via the SIP provider.

(1) Go to System Management->Global Settings->System.

Basic Settings		System Settings	
System Name be.ip plus		Transfer Signalling	With Ringing Tone O With Music On Hold
		Transfer to busy extension	Disabled
Location		Rerouting to Number	None - Busy Tone V
Contact BINTECELMEG		Interconnect external calls	0
Maximum Number of Syslog Entries 50			
Maximum Message Level of Syslog Entries	Information <b>V</b>		
Maximum Number of Accounting Log Entries 20			
Show Manufacturer Names	Enabled		
Autosave Configuration			
Country Settings			
Country Profile	Deutschland V		
International Prefix / Country Code	00 / 49		
National Prefix / City Code 0	/ 911		

#### Fig. 85: System Management->Global Settings->System

Proceed as follows to configure the codes:

- (1) Enter the country code under International Prefix / Country Code, e.g. 49 for Germany. If this is not entered, then the full number along with the country code must always be dialled when using SIP providers.
- (2) Enter the area code for the location where your system is installed under National Prefix / City Code, e.g. 911 for Nuremberg. If this is not entered, then the number

along with the national prefix/area code must be dialled for local calls when using SIP providers.

(3) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with OK.

# 9.3 Variants 1 + 2: Configuration of SIP provider in the be.IP plus

A VoIP connection can be configured as an individual number or extension connection. These names refer to ISDN point-to-multipoint and point-to-point connections.

For an individual number connection, you receive one or more numbers from the SIP provider.

For an extension connection, you receive a main number with several extension numbers (extension number range) from the SIP provider. Example: Main number = 1234; Extension numbers: 1, 2, ...; Numbers: 1234 - 1, 1234 - 2, ...

## 9.3.1 SIP provider (individual number)

The following describes how to set up a SIP provider when using an individual number connection.

- (1) Go to Assistants->Telephony->Trunks->New.
- (2) Select SIP Single Number under Connection Type.
- (3) Under Type select User-defined.
- (4) Click Next.

SIP Provider Settings	?	Trunk Numbers		?
Name	Sipgate_Plus_1	Single Number (MSN)	Description	
Access Type	Single Number(s)	49911148797640 ADD	Sipgate_1	
Authentication ID	1527861e0			
Password				
User Name	1527861e0			
Registrar	sipgate.de			
Domain				
Assign the trunk line to the class	of services ?			
Class of Service				
Uneingeschränkt <b>v</b>	i			
ADD				

Advanced Settings

Registrar	0	STUN server	0
Registrar Port 5060		STUN server	
Transport Protocol	UDP O TCP O TLS	Port STUN server 3478	
Further Settings	?		
Generate international phone number	Enabled		
Generate national subscriber number	Enabled		
SIP Header Field: FROM Display	None		
SIP Header Field: FROM User	Username <b>v</b>		
SIP Header Field: P-Preferred	None		
SIP Header Field: P-Asserted	None <b>v</b>		

## Fig. 87: Assistants->Telephony->Trunks->New-> <SIP Provider>

Proceed as follows to save the login information of the SIP provider:



For certain SIP providers, a **STUN server** must be configured for gateways with established VoIP PBX in LAN assistant.

- (1) Enter a name for the SIP provider under Name, e.g. *Sipgate\_Plus\_1*.
- (2) Enter your provider's Authentication ID (SIP-ID), e. g. 1527861e0.
- (3) Enter the **Password** you received from your VoIP provider.
- (4) For Login Name, enter the name that your VoIP provider has sent you, e. g. 1527861e0. This is the SIP-ID for the providers Sipgate, 1&1, QSC and Toplink.
- (5) Enter an IP address or a domain name as the SIP Registrar.
  - For Sipgate Basic/Plus: *sipgate.de*
  - For 1&1: sip.lundl.de
  - For QSC-IPfonie basic: *sip.qsc.de*
  - When connecting the Deutsche Telekom Call & Surf Comfort IP connection: tel.t-online.de
  - For Toplink: toplink-voice.de
- (6) Use Add under Single Number (MSN) to create a new entry. Enter the number that your VoIP provider has given you under Single Number (MSN), e.g. 4911148797640. Enter a name for the connection under Displayed Name, e.g. Sipgate 1. This is

Lenter a name for the connection under **Displayed Name**, e.g. *Sipgate\_1*. This is displayed on the system telephone for incoming calls.

#### Note

Several numbers can be configured here for the providers QSC-IPfonie basic and Toplink.

For the providers Sipgate Basic/Plus, 1&1 and Deutsche Telekom, an additional SIP connection with separate SIP account data must be created for each additional number provided by the SIP provider. In order to enable outgoing calls to be made via other numbers or SIP connections, additional authorisation classes should be configured under **Numbering->User Settings->Class of Services**.

- (7) The Class of Service leave behind Default CoS.
- (8) Enable Generate international phone number and Generate national subscriber number.
- (9) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with OK. After the system is successfully registered with the SIP provider, the status display of the respective SIP connection changes to .

### 9.3.1.1 1&1

For the SIP provider 1&1, the prefix 49 must be replaced by 0 for the incoming number. By doing this, this ensures the numbers and names from the system telephone book are correctly displayed for any incoming calls.

Basic Settings		Outgoing Signalisation Settings	
Description 1und1_1		Outgoing Signalisation	Standard V
Provider Status	Active O Inactive		
Access Type	Single Number(s) O Direct Dial-In		
Authentication ID 4991198067344	l		
Password	1		
User Name 4991198067344	L.		
Domain			
Registrar		STUN	
Registrar sip.1und1 de	1	STUN server	
Registrar Port 5060	L.	Port STUN server 3478	
Transport Protocol	O UDP O TCP O TLS		
Timer			
Registration Timer 600	Seconds		

Fig. 88: VolP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <1und1> ->

	Privacy User
	Privacy ID
SIP Header Field: FROM Display	None
SIP Header Field: FROM User	Username
SIP Header Field: P-Preferred	None
SIP Header Field: P-Asserted	None
Substitution of International Prefix with "+"	
PBX coupling	
Delete SIP bindings after Restart	Enabled
Upstreaming Device with NAT	
Early media support	Enabled
Registration type  Single	O Bulk (BNC) O No registrati
T.38 FAX support	Enabled
Substitution of Incoming Number Prefix	9 substitute with 0
Send SIP UPDATE	
Request-URI	()
Check Source IP	
TLS certificate check	

Fig. 89: VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <1und1> -> -> ->Advanced Settings

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter 49 under Substitution of Incoming Number Prefix.
- (2) Enter 0 under substitute with.
- (3) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with **OK**.

## - Note

If the PBX Wizard is used again for this connection, then all settings are reset in the **VoIP** -> **Settings** -> **SIP Provider** menu.

### 9.3.1.2 QSC-IPfonie basic

The option *Caller Address* must be enabled for the **SIP Header Field: FROM User** for the SIP provider QSC-IPfonie basic. By doing so, this then makes it possible to use different numbers for outgoing calls.

 Go to VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <qsc\_ipfonie\_ basic> -> -> Advanced Settings.

Further Settings		
From Domain		
Number of allowed simultaneous Calls		No Limitation V
Location		Any Location V
Dial End Monitoring Time 5	Seconds	
Call Hold inside the PBX system		Enabled
Call Forwarding extern (SIP 302)	0	
Generate international phone number	0	
Generate national subscriber number	0	
Deactivate number suppression		Display User Domain Privacy Header Privacy User Privacy ID
SIP Header Field: FROM Display		None <b>v</b>
SIP Header Field: FROM User		Caller Address V
SIP Header Field: P-Preferred		None V
SIP Header Field: P-Asserted		None V

# *Fig.* 90: VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <qsc\_ipfonie\_ basic> -> -> -> Advanced Settings

Proceed as follows to extend the SIP header:

(1) Enable the option *Caller Address* under SIP Header Field: FROM User.

(2) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with **OK**.



If the PBX Wizard is used again for this connection, then all settings are reset in the **VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider** menu.

## 9.3.1.3 Toplink

The option *Caller Address* must be enabled for the **SIP Header Field: P-Preferred** for the SIP provider Toplink.

(1) Go to VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <toplink>-> > ->Advanced Settings.





Proceed as follows to extend the SIP header:

- (1) Enable the option Caller Address under SIP Header Field: P-Preferred.
- (2) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with OK.

### - Note

If the PBX Wizard is used again for this connection, then all settings are reset in the **VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider** menu.

## 9.3.2 SIP provider (extension)

## Prerequisite

The following describes how to set up a SIP provider when using an extension connection.

- (1) Go to Assistants->Telephony->Trunks->New.
- (2) Select SIP Direct dial-in under Connection Type.
- (3) Under Type select User-defined.
- (4) Click Next.

SIP Provider Settings	?	Trunk Numbers	0
Name	Sipgate_Trunking	Base Number 4991149522701	
Access Type	Direct Dial-In		
Authentication ID	1528507t0		
Password			
User Name	1528507t0		
Registrar	sipconnect.sipgate.de		
Domain			
Assign the trunk line to the cl	ass of services		
Class of Service			
Uneingeschränkt •	ī		
ADD			

Advanced Settings			
Registrar	0	STUN server	0
Registrar Port 5060		STUN server	
Transport Protocol	● UDP O TCP O TLS	Port STUN server 3478	
P-P DDI Exception	0	Further Settings	0
P-P DDI Exception	Displayed Name	Generate international phone number	Enabled
0	Main_Office_0	Generate national subscriber number	Enabled
ADD		SIP Header Field: FROM Display	None <b>v</b>
4	Þ	SIP Header Field: FROM User	Username <b>v</b>
		SIP Header Field: P-Preferred	None
		SIP Header Field: P-Asserted	None V

#### Fig. 93: Assistants->Telephony->Trunks->New-> <SIP Provider (Extension)>

Proceed as follows to save the login information of the SIP provider:

#### Note

For certain SIP providers, a **STUN server** must be configured for gateways with established VoIP PBX in LAN assistant.

- (1) Enter a name for the SIP provider under Name, e.g. Sipgate Trunking.
- (2) Enter your provider's Authentication ID (SIP-ID), e. g. 1528507t0.
- (3) Enter the **Password** you received from your VoIP provider.
- (4) For Login Name, enter the name that your VoIP provider has sent you, e. g. 1528507t0. This is the SIP-ID for the providers Sipgate and QSC.
- (5) Enter an IP address or a domain name as the SIP Registrar.
  - For Sipgate Trunking: sipconnect.sipgate.de
  - Für QSC-IPfonie extended: sip.qsc.de
- (6) Enter a **Base Number**, e.g. 4911149522701.
- (7) Use Add under Authorisation Class to create a new entry and select an authorisation class, e.g. *Default Cos*.
- Use Add under Class of Service to create a new entry.
   Enter the extension number that your VoIP provider has given you under Direct Dial Exception (P-P), e. g. 0.
   Enter a name for the connection under Displayed Name, e.g. Zentrale-0. This is

displayed on the system telephone for incoming calls.

- (9) Enable Generate international phone number and Generate national subscriber number.
- (10) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with OK. After the system is successfully registered with the SIP provider, the status display of the respective SIP connection changes to ⊘.

## 9.3.2.1 Sipgate Trunking

The option *Caller Address* under **SIP Header Field: P-Preferred** must be enabled for the SIP provider Sipgate Trunking.

 Go to VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <sipgate\_trunking> ->Advanced Settings.


Fig. 94: VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <sipgate\_trunking> > ->Advanced Settings

Proceed as follows to extend the SIP header:

- (1) Enable the option Caller Address under SIP Header Field: P-Preferred.
- (2) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with OK.

#### - Note

If the PBX Wizard is used again for this connection, then all settings are reset in the **VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider** menu.

#### 9.3.2.2 QSC-IPfonie extended

The option *Caller Address* must be enabled for the **SIP Header Field: FROM User** for the SIP provider QSC-IPfonie extended.

 Go to VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <qsc\_ipfonie\_extended> > ->Advanced Settings.

Further Settings		
From Domain		
Number of allowed simultaneous Calls		No Limitation V
Location		Any Location V
Dial End Monitoring Time 5	Seconds	
Call Hold inside the PBX system		Enabled
Call Forwarding extern (SIP 302)		
Generate international phone number		
Generate national subscriber number		
Deactivate number suppression		Display User Domain Privacy Header Privacy User Privacy ID
SIP Header Field: FROM Display		None V
SIP Header Field: FROM User		Caller Address V
SIP Header Field: P-Preferred		None V
SIP Header Field: P-Asserted		None <b>v</b>

### Fig. 95: VolP->Settings->SIP Provider-> <qsc\_ipfonie\_extended> > ->Advanced Settings

Proceed as follows to extend the SIP header:

- (1) Enable the option *Caller Address* under SIP Header Field: FROM User.
- (2) Leave the remaining settings unchanged and confirm them with **OK**.



Note

If the PBX Wizard is used again for this connection, then all settings are reset in the **VoIP->Settings->SIP Provider** menu.

# 9.4 Variants 1 + 2: Configuration of authorisation class (optional)

A suitable authorisation class must be assigned to the user for outgoing calls via a SIP provider.

_ =	

#### Note

Create a user under Numbering->User Settings->Users.

You can use the same authorisation class for the user as is used for the configuration of the SIP provider, e.g. *Unlimited*.

In all other cases, the authorisation class assigned to the user must be amended as follows:

Basic Settings	Line Access Authorization
Description Uneingeschr. AutoAmt	Line Access Authorization Unlimited
	Automatic Outside Line   Enabled
	Trunk Line Selection with Line Access Number
	Trunks
	Sipgate_Plus_1 V
	ADD
	Allow manual trunk group selection

Fig. 96: Numbering->User Settings->Class of Services-> <User Authorisation Class>

Proceed as follows to amend the authorisation class:

- Use Add under Trunk Line Selection with Line Access Number to create a new entry and select your VoIP connection, e.g. Sipgate Plus 1.
- (2) Confirm with **Apply**.

# 9.5 Variants 1 + 2: Configuration of numbers in the be.IP plus

## 9.5.1 Assignment of incoming calls

The following part stipulates which internal subscribers or teams can be reached via the external number of the SIP provider.

-	_	
	Π	
	_	

Note

A user must already have been created for the following step.

Create a user under **Numbering->User Settings->Users**. Assign an appropriate authorisation class to the user (see *Variants 1 + 2: Configuration of authorisation class (optional)* on page 105).

Assign a telephone to the user in the **Terminals** menu.

Go to Numbering->Call Distribution->Incoming Distribution-><49911148797640>

Basic Settings		Internal Number and Rerouting Settings	
Sipgate_1	49911148797640	Internal Number	30 (Doe-30) ▼
Trunk	Sipgate_Plus_1		
Assignment	Internal Number 🔻		

#### Fig. 97: Numbering->Call Distribution->Incoming Distribution-><49911148797640>

Proceed as follows to assign the external number to an internal number:

- (1) Select Internal Number under Assignment.
- (2) Select the internal number of the corresponding user under Internal Number, e.g. 30 (Doe-30).
- (3) Confirm with **OK**.
- (4) Repeat the procedure for all other SIP provider numbers.

## 9.5.2 Configuring of outgoing calls

#### 9.5.2.1 SIP provider (individual number) QSC-IPfonie basic and Toplink

If several numbers are configured for a SIP provider, then the number which is sent with outgoing calls can be set for the participants.

Go to Numbering->User Settings->Users-> <Doe-30> ->Outgoing
 Signalisation-> <30> .

Outgoing	Signalisation			
Priority	Trunk	Outgoing Signalisation	Hide Number	
1	Toplink	00495171773052 •		t↓

Fig. 98: Numbering->User Settings->Users-> <Doe-30> > ->Outgoing Signalisation-> <30> >.

Proceed as follows to assign an outgoing number to an internal number:

- (1) Select a number, e.g. 00495171773052, under SIP Provider Name, e.g. Toplink.
- (2) Confirm with Apply.

#### 9.5.2.2 SIP Provider (Extension) Sipgate Trunking and QSC-IPfonie extended

For outgoing calls, the main number along with the user's extension number are sent by default. This is in line with the setting *Standard*, *Own DDI Signals*. However, outgoing calls by the creating subscriber can also be sent using other configured numbers in the extension number range.

 Go to Numbering->User Settings->Users-> <Doe-30> ->Outgoing Signalisation-> <30> .

Outgoing	Signalisation				
Priority	Trunk	Outgoing Signalisation	H	ide umber	
1	Sipgate_trunking	4991149522701-0	•		ţ

*Fig.* 99: Numbering->User Settings->Users-> <Doe-30> ->Outgoing Signalisation-> <30> .

Proceed as follows to select the outgoing number:

- Select a configured number, e.g. 004991149522701-0, under SIP Provider Name, e.g. Sipgate\_trunking, which is then transmitted to the other subscriber. If you select *Standard*, *Own DDI Signals*, the main number is transmitted along with the separate extension number.
- (2) Confirm with Apply.

# 9.6 Overview of Configuration Steps

#### Variant 2: Configuration of the gateway (e.g. bintec RS353jw)

Field	Menu	Value
WAN interface for VoIP pri- orisation	VoIP ->VoIP PBX in LAN ->New	Internet-PPPoE
Maximum Upload Speed	VoIP ->VoIP PBX im LAN ->Neu ->Next	e.g. 2000 kbps
IP Address of VoIP PBX within your LAN		<b>e.g.</b> 192.168.0.251
Port SIP server	VoIP ->VoIP PBX im LAN ->Neu ->Next	5060

#### Variant 2: Configuration of be.IP plus

Field	Menu	Value
Default Gateway IP Ad- dress	Assistants+First steps+Ba- sic Setup	<b>e</b> . <b>g</b> . 192.168.0.254
Fixed DNS Server Address	Assistants+First steps+Ba- sic Setup	Enabled
DNS Server 1	Assistants+First steps+Ba-	e.g. 192.168.0.254

Field	Menu	Value
	sic Setup	

## Variants 1 + 2: Configuration of country settings

Field	Menu	Value
International Prefix / Coun- try Code	System Management->Global Set- tings->System	<b>e.g.</b> 49
National Prefix / City Code	System Management->Global Set- tings->System	e.g. 911

## SIP provider (individual number)

Field	Menu	Value
Name	Tr u n	<b>e.g.</b> <i>Sipgate_Plus_1</i>

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Authentication ID	Tr u n	<b>e.g.</b> 1527861e0

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Password	Tr u n	<b>e.g.</b> Supersecret

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Login Name	Tr u n	<b>e.g</b> . 1527861e0

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Registrar	Tr u n	<b>e.g</b> .sipgate.de

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Single Number	Tr u n	<b>e.g.</b> 4911148797640

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Displayed Name	Tr u n	<b>e.g</b> . <i>Sipgate_1</i>

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Class of Service	Tr u n	e.g.Unlimited

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Generate international	Tr	Enabled
	n	

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	
Generate national sub- scriber number	Tr u n	Enabled

Field	Menu	Value
	->New-> <sip-provider></sip-provider>	

## 1&1

Field	Menu	Value
Substitution of Incoming Number Prefix	VoIP->Settings->SIP Pro- vider-> <1und1> ->	49
substitute with	VoIP->Settings->SIP Pro- vider-> <1und1> ->	0

### QSC-IPfonie basic

Field	Menu	Value
SIP-Header-Field: FROM	VoIP->Settings->SIP Pro-	Caller Address
User	vider->	
	<qsc_ipfonie_basic> -&gt; /</qsc_ipfonie_basic>	
	>Advanced Settings	

## Toplink

Field	Menu	Value
SIP-Header-Field: P- Preferred	VoIP->Settings->SIP Pro- vider-> <toplink> -&gt;</toplink>	Caller Address
	->Advanced Settings	

## SIP provider (extension)

Field	Menu	Value
Name	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	<b>e.g.</b> <i>Sipgate_Trunking</i>
Authentication ID	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	<b>e.g.</b> 1528507t0
Password	N e Assistants->Telephony->w-	e.g. Supersecret

Field	Menu	Value
	> <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	
Login Name	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	<b>e.g.</b> 1528507t0
Registrar	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	<b>e.g.</b> <i>sipcon-</i> <i>nect.sipgate.de</i>
Base Number	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	<b>e.g.</b> 4911149522701
Class of Service	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	e.g.Unlimited
P-P DDI Exception	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	e.g. 0
Displayed Name	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	<b>e.g.</b> Zentrale-0
Generate international phone number	N e Assistants->Telephony->w- > <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	Enabled
Generate national sub- scriber number	N e Assistants->Telenhony->w-	Enabled

Field	Menu	Value
	> <sip-provider (Extensions)&gt;</sip-provider 	

### Sipgate Trunking

Field	Menu	Value
SIP-Header-Field: P-	VoIP->Settings->SIP Pro-	Caller Address
Preferred	vider-> <sipgate_trunking></sipgate_trunking>	
	-> ->Advanced Settings	

#### **QSC-IPfonie extended**

Field	Menu	Value
SIP-Header-Field: FROM VoIP->Settings->SIP Pro- User vider-> <qsc_ipfonie_extended>-&gt;</qsc_ipfonie_extended>	Caller Address	
	<qsc_ipfonie_extended> -&gt; -&gt;Advanced Settings</qsc_ipfonie_extended>	

#### Variants 1 + 2: Configuration of authorisation class (optional)

Field	Menu	Value
Trunk Line Selection with	Numbering->User Settings-	<b>e.g.</b> <i>Sipgate_Plus_1</i>
Line Access Number	>Class of Services->	
	<benutzerberechtigungskl< th=""><th></th></benutzerberechtigungskl<>	
	asse> 🖍 ->Basic Settings	

## Assignment of incoming calls

Field	Menu	Value
Assignment	Numbering->Call Distribu- tion->Incoming Distribu- tion-> <49911148797640> - >	Internal Number
Internal Number	Numbering->Call Distribu- tion->Incoming Distribu- tion-> <49911148797640> - >	<b>e.g.</b> 30 (Doe-30)

Configuration of outgoing numbers - SIP provider (individual number) QSC-IPfonie basic and Toplink

Field	Menu	Value
e.g.	Numbering->User Settings	<b>e.g.</b> 00495171773052
Toplink	->Users-> <doe-30> 🧨</doe-30>	

Field	Menu	Value
	Outgoing Signalisation-> <30>	

Configuration of outgoing numbers - SIP Provider (Extension) Sipgate Trunking and QSC-IPfonie extended

Field	Menu	Value
e.g. Sipgate_Trunking	Numbering ->User Settings ->Users-> <doe-30></doe-30>	<b>e.g.</b> 004991149522401-0
	> <30> 🖍	

# Chapter 10 bintec 4Ge-LE as WAN path to a be.IP

# **10.1 Introduction**

After login the **be.IP** starts in the view Initial operation.

After running through the assistant, the **be.IP** starts in the view **Users**. To access all menu points, switch to the view **Full Access**.

The following section describes the connection of a **bintec 4Ge-LE** as a backup WAN path to a **be.IP**.

The **GUI** (Graphical User Interface) is used for configuring.



Fig. 100: Example scenario

## **Requirements**

- A bintec 4Ge-LE
- A bintec **be.IP** or a **be.IP** plus with current firmware. You can check the BOSS version of your **be.IP** in the menu **System Management->Status**.
- An existing configuration as set up by a completed Quick Start assistant.

# **10.2 Configuration**

## **Connection of bintec 4Ge-LE**

In principle the **bintec 4Ge-LE** runs as a DHCP Client and receives from the gateway the names and the PIN for the SIM card via the option 43 (Vendor specific). The device uses this data to establish a LTE (UMTS/GPRS) connection and provides the received IP address, the gateway and the DNS server as DHCP server on an Ethernet connection of **be.IP** tagged with VLAN 463. This means that the **be.IP** is on the actual interface DHCP server on a virtual port with VLAN 463 against DHCP client!

In the example, en1-4 (the blue DMZ/WAN Port) is used, although this can be configured in the same way on any separate port.

The interfaces are now adjusted/created in the first step.

(1) Enter in the menu LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces-> en1-4 .

Basic Parameters		Basic IPv4 Parameters		
Interface Mode	● Untagged O Tagged (VLAN)	Secur	ity Policy	O Untrusted ● Trusted
MAC Address	00:09:4f:6f:5d:fe	Addre	ess Mode	● Static ○ DHCP
	Use built-in		dress / Netmask	
			IP Address	Netmask
			192.168.43.41	255.255.255.252
			ADD	

Fig. 101: LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces-> en1-4

Proceed as follows:

- (2) Leave the Interface Mode settings as *Untagged*. The interface is not assigned for a specific purpose.
- (3) Leave the **Security Policy** settings as *Trusted*. All IP packets are allowed through except for those which are explicitly prohibited.
- (4) Enter the IP Address / Netmask of the virtual interface, here e.g. 192.168.43.41 und 255.255.255.252.
- (5) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

In the next step, create a new interface.

(1) Go to LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces->New.

Basic Parameters			Basic If	Pv4 Parameters		
Based on Ethernet Interface		en1-4 •	Security	Policy		<ul> <li>Untrusted O Trusted</li> </ul>
Interface Mode	O Untagged	d 🔘 Tagged (VLAN)	Address	s Mode		O Static 🖲 DHCP
VLAN ID 463			DHCP M 5	etric		
MAC Address	00:a0:f9	Use built-in	IP Addr	ess / Netmask		
		-		IP Address	Netmask	

*Fig. 102:* LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces->New Proceed as follows:

- (2) Under Based on Ethernet Interface select the virtual interface en1-4.
- (3) Set the Interface Mode to Tagged (VLAN).
- (4) Assign a VLAN to the interface. To do this, enter the VLAN ID 463.
- (5) For Security Policy, select Untrusted.
- (6) Select the **Address Mode** *DHCP*. An IP address is assigned to the interface dynamically via DHCP.
- (7) Under **DHCP Metric** select the priority of the route, which is 5 in our example.
- (8) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

The netmask for en1-4 was selected with /30 so that only one IP range of 2 addresses is needed:

- be.IP (192.168.43.41)

- bintec 4Ge-LE (192.168.43.42)

Network address is therefore 192.168.43.40, broadcast address is 192.168.43.43.

The complete configuration now looks like this:

thernet/VLAN Por	ts						
Interface	IPv4 Address/Netmask	IPv6 Address/Length	Status	Action			
en1-4	192.168.43.41/255.255.255.252	-	0	^ ~		/	Q
efm35-60	Not configured/Not configured		8	^ ~		/	Q
ethoa35-5	Not configured/Not configured		8	^ ~		ï	Q
br0	192.168.0.101/255.255.255.0	Prefix: Germany - Telekom Entertain:0 Host: eui64	0	^ ~		1	С
ethoa35-5- I (VLAN ID8)	Not configured/Not configured (DHCP)		8	^ ~	Î	i	0
efm35-60-1(VLAN D8)	Not configured/Not configured (DHCP)		8	^ ~	Î	/	0
en1-4-1(VLAN ID463)	0.0.0.0/255.255.255.255 (DHCP)	-	0	^ ~	Î	1	Q

#### Fig. 103: LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces

Now for the virtual interface en1-4-1 must be enabled as IPv4 WAN interface NAT.

(1) Go to Network->NAT->NAT Interfaces.

NAT Interfaces					
Interface	NAT active	Loopback active	Silent Deny	PPTP Passthrough	Portforwardings
BRIDGE_BR0					0
efm35-60					0
LAN_EN1-4					0
LAN_EN1-4-1	-				0
WAN_EFM35-60-1	-				0
WAN_ETHOA35-5					0
WAN_ETHOA35-5-1	-				0
WAN_GERMANY - TELEKOM ENTERTAIN			-		0

Fig. 104: Network->NAT->NAT Interfaces

- (2) For the Interface LAN\_EN1-4-1 enable the options NAT active and Silent Deny.
- (3) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

The last configuration step is setting up the DHCP server with the corresponding DHCP op-

tion 43 on the interface en1-4. For security reasons, a static connection of the IP address to the MAC address of the **bintec 4Ge-LE** is carried out so that only this received an IP address (and only this is sent the option 43 with the PIN included).

To activate the device as DHCP server, the IP address pool must first be defined.

 To do so, go to the Local Services->DHCP Server->IP Pool Configuration->New menu.

Basic Parameter	rs		
IP Pool Name bintec 4Ge-LE			
IP Address Range			
19	92.168.43.42	-192.168.43.42	
DNS Server			
	Primary		
	Secondary		

Fig. 105: Local Services->DHCP Server->IP Pool Configuration->New

- (2) Under IP Pool Name enter any description, here e.g. bintec 4Ge-LE .
- (3) Under IP Address Range enter the IP address of the IP address pool, here 192.168.43.42 192.168.43.42.
- (4) Confirm with **OK**.

Under Local Services->DHCP Server->DHCP Configuration->New you can now set up the DHCP pool.

Basic Parameters	
Interface	en1-4
IP Pool Name	bintec 4Ge-LE 🔻
Pool Usage	Local •
description	

Advanced Settings:

Advanced Para	ameter		
Gateway			Use router as gateway <b>*</b>
Lease Time 120		Minutes	
DHCP Options	Option	Value	
	ADD		
Vendor Specific	Information (DHCP (	Option 43)	
	Vendor ID	Vendor Specific Information	
	ADD VENDOR STR	RING ADD VENDOR GROUP	

#### Fig. 106: Local Services->DHCP Server->DHCP Configuration->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Select Interface en1-4.
- (2) Under IP Pool Name select the configured IP pool name *bintec* 4Ge-LE.
- (3) Click Advanced Settings.
- (4) In the Vendor Specific Information (DHCP Option 43) field, click on the Add Vendor String button.

Basic Parameters	
Select vendor	- bintec -
APN	internet.telekom
PIN	1234

*Fig. 107:* Local Services->DHCP Server->DHCP Configuration->New->Advanced Settings

- (5) Under Select vendor select -bintec-.
- (6) Enter the APN (Access Point Name) of the provider of your SIM card, here e.g. *in-ternet.telekom*.
- (7) Enter the PIN of the SIM card, e.g. 1234.
- (8) Click **Apply**.

The last step involves establishing the static connection of the IP Address to the MAC address.

(1) Go to the Local Services->DHCP Server->IP/MAC Binding menu.

IP/MAC Binding:				
IP Address	Description	MAC Address	Remaining Lease Time	Static Binding
192.168.43.42		25:25:25:25	119 Minute(s)	Enabled

Fig. 108: Local Services->DHCP Server->IP/MAC Binding

- (2) Enable the Static Binding option.
- (3) Confirm with OK.

With this configuration only the **bintec 4Ge-LE** on the interface en1-4 receives an IP address with the SIM card PIN included in option 43.

This concludes the configuration. Store the configuration using **Save configuration** above the menu bar

# **10.3 Overview of Configuration Steps**

#### Adjusting the metric

Field	Menu	Value
Metric	Network->Routes->IPv4 Route Configuration->	0

#### Adjusting the interface

Field	Menu	Value
Interface Mode	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- > en1-4	Untagged
Security Policy	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- > en1-4	Trusted
IP Address / Netmask	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- > en1-4	<b>e.g.</b> 192,168.43.41/ 255.255.255.252

#### Configuring a new interface

Field	Menu	Value
Based on Ethernet In- terface	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- >New	en1-4
Interface Mode	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- >New	Tagged (VLAN)
VLAN ID	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- >New	463
Security Policy	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- >New	Untrusted
Address Mode	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- >New	DHCP
DHCP Metric	LAN->IP Configuration->Interfaces- >New	<b>e. g.</b> 5

#### Activating NAT

Field	Menu	Value
NAT active	Network->NAT->NAT Interfaces	Enabled
Silent Deny	Network->NAT->NAT Interfaces	Enabled

#### Configuring the IP pool

Field	Menu	Value
IP Pool Name	Local Services->DHCP Server->IP Pool Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> bintec 4Ge-LE
IP Address Range	Local Services->DHCP Server->IP Pool Configuration->New	<b>e.g.</b> 192.168.43.42 - 192.168.43.42

## **DHCP** configuration

Field	Menu	Value
Interface	Local Services->DHCP Server->DH- CP Configuration->New	en1-4
IP Pool Name	Local Services->DHCP Server->DH- CP Configuration->New	bintec 4Ge-LE
Vendor Specific In- formation (DHCP Op- tion 43)	Local Services->DHCP Server->DH- CP Configuration->New ->Ad- vanced Settings	Add Vendor String
Select vendor	Local Services->DHCP Server->DH- CP Configuration->New ->Ad- vanced Settings ->Add Vendor String	-bintec-
APN	Local Services->DHCP Server->DH- CP Configuration->New ->Ad- vanced Settings ->Add Vendor String	<b>e.g.</b> inter- net.telekom
PIN	Local Services->DHCP Server->DH- CP Configuration->New ->Ad- vanced Settings ->Add Vendor String	<b>e. g.</b> 1234

## **IP/MAC Binding**

Field	Menu	Value
Static Binding	Local Services->DHCP Server->IP/ MAC Binding	Enabled

# **Chapter 11 Configuration help**

# **11.1 Change the startup view**

The **be.IP** starts after login until completion of the wizard **Initial operation**, always in the **Initial operation** view. The **be.IP** starts after completion of the wizard, always in the **Users** view.

## **Requirements**

A be.IP plus

## **Configuration destination**

After login as *admin* your **be.IP plus** should show a different view from the one described above.

You can choose from the following views:

- · Quick start
- User
- Full access.

## 11.1.1 Configuration

You can change the start view of the **be.IP plus**.

- Initiate a SSH connection to your device, e.g. with Putty.
   You are now in the SNMP shell of your gateway. The login prompt will appear.
- (2) Log in to your device as admin.
- (3) Enter biboextadminitialguiview? to display the different view options. (readwrite) full\_access (1), user (2), initial\_operation (3) will appear.
- (4) If you want to change the start view to full access, enter biboextadminitialguiview=full\_access.
- (5) If you want to change the start view to user, enter biboextadminitialguiview=user.
- (6) If you want to change the start view to quick start, enter biboextadminitial-

guiview=initial operation.

(7) If you want to keep the chosen setting after a reboot, save the current configuration.

## **11.2 Setting up for a Vodafone VDSL connection**

Setting up the Internet and voice connection will be described below. These settings are important for configuration to a Vodafone VDSL connection.

## 11.2.1 Setting up the Internet connection

A connection to the Internet service provider must be set up in order to create an Internet connection.

To do so, go to the **WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE->New** menu.

Basic Parameters		IPv4 Settings	
Description Germany-Vodafone		Security Policy	O Untrusted O Trusted
		IP Address Mode	🔿 Static 🔘 Get IP Address
PPPoE Mode	Standard O Multilink	Default Route	Enabled
PPPoE Ethernet Interface	efm35-60 •	Create NAT Policy	Enabled
User Name vodafone-vdsl.komlett/"xxxxxxxx			
Password	······		
VLAN	Enabled		
VLAN ID 7			
Always on	Enabled		
IPv6 Settings			
IPv6			

Fig. 109: WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE->New

			-	
Advanced Parameter			IPv4 Advanced Settings	
Block after connection failure for	60	Seconds	MTU	Automatic
Maximum Number of Dialup Retries 5				
Authentication	P/	AP/CHAP V		
DNS Negotiation	•	Enabled		
Prioritize TCP ACK Packets	C			
LCP Alive Check		Enabled		

Advanced Settings

#### Fig. 110: WAN->Internet + Dialup->PPPoE->New->Advanced Settings

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Select **Description** then enter a name to uniquely identify the PPPoE partner. The first character in this field must not be a number No special characters or umlauts must be used.
- (2) Select the **PPPoE Ethernet Interface** for the connection.
- (3) Under Login Name it is necessary to use *vodafone-vdsl.komplett/"* as a prefix. Enter the login details after it.
- (4) Enable the VLAN function.
- (5) The VLAN ID is set to 7 by default. It is possible to change the VLAN ID (e.g. 132) or enter the VLAN ID that you obtained from your provider.
- (6) Click Advanced Settings.
- (7) Select the Authentication PAP/CHAP.
- (8) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

## 11.2.2 Setting up the voice connection

Configure the voice connection in the VoIP->Settings->SIP provider->New menu.

Basic Settings	Outgoing Signalisation Settings
Description Private	Outgoing Signalisation Standard •
Provider Status       O Inactive	
Access Type      Single Number(s)      Direct Dial-In	
Authentication ID 09119876543	
Password	
User Name 09119876543	
Domain	
Registrar	STUN
Registrar 0911. sip. arcor. de	STUN server stun.arcor.com
Registrar Port 5060	Part STUN server 3478
Transport Protocol	

#### Fig. 111: VoIP->Settings->SIP provider->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter a **Description** for the connection, e.g. *Private*.
- (2) Under Authentication ID and under Login Name enter the telephone number including the dialling code, such as 09119876543.
- (3) Enter the **Password** that you received from your provider.
- (4) Under **Registrar** enter the dialling code of the connection and the ending too, e.g. 0911.sip.arcor.de.
- (5) You can enter a STUN server here, such as *stun.arcor.com*.
- (6) Click OK to confirm your entries.

This means that the settings required for a Vodafone VDSL connection are complete. All other settings remain the same as with another provider.

# 11.3 Configuration of a DynDNS account

Configuration of a DynDNS account on a **be.IP plus** or a bintec VPN router is described below.

## **Requirements**

- (1) A be.IP plus or a bintec VPN router with 10.1.Rev system software. 5.
- (2) An active Internet connection with a dynamic IP address
- (3) A DynDNS account with a DynDNS provider

The graphical user interface (GUI) is used for configuration.

## Note

There are many German and international DynDNS providers that can be used to set up a DynDNS account. There are providers who charge a fee and others are free-of-charge. Examples include DynDNS.com, selfHOST.de or SPDNS.de. An account from TwoDNS.de is used in this example.

## 11.3.1 Configuration

Open a web browser and enter the IP address of your router into the address field. Use your login information to log into the router.

Go to the Local Services->DynDNS Client->DynDNS Update->New menu.

Basic Parameters	
Host Name IhreFirma@dd-dns.de	
Interface	Germany - Telekom Entertain 🔻
User Name IhrUser	
Password	
Provider	dyndns 🔻
Enable update	Enabled

#### Fig. 112: Local Services->DynDNS Client->DynDNS Update->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter the **Host Name** as registered with the DynDNS provider e.g. IhreFirma@dd-dns.de.
- (2) Select the **WAN-Interface**, the IP address of which should be transferred to the DynDNS provider, e.g. *Telekom*.
- (3) Under **Username** enter the name of the account as it is registered with the DynDNS provider, in this case *IhrUser*.
- (4) Enter the **Password** as registered with the DynDNS provider e.g. SuperSecret.
- (5) Select the DynDNS **provider** with which the above data is registered; here it is  $T_{WODNS}$ .
- (6) Enable the Enable update option.
- (7) Click **OK** to confirm your entries.

You can access help on available configuration options via the online help system.

# 11.4 Use of agency features and functions with the IP-

# based connection

IP-based telephone connections provide various agency features that are similar to ISDN connections, in this case an example of "Deutschland LAN IP Voice&Data" from Deutsche Telekom.

A list of all possible functions can be found at *https://hilfe.telekom.de/hsp/cms/content/HSP/de/3378/FAQ/theme-133631783/Auftrag/them e-82239611/IP-basierter-Anschluss/faq-445419652* 

Immediate call forwarding (AWS-sofort) is used as an example in the following explanations:

Set up and enable immediate CF	*21*destination number # <await announcement=""></await>	
Enable previosly configured immediate CF	*21# <await announcement=""></await>	
Disable immediate CF	🐛 #21# <await announcement=""> 🕋</await>	
Disable and delete immediate CF	🐛 ##21# <await announcement=""></await>	
Verify if an immediate CF is enabled	*#21# <await announcement=""></await>	
The destination number must always be entered with the area code. Foreign and certain energial telephone		

#### Immediate Call Forwarding (CF)

The destination number must always be entered with the area code. Foreign and certain special telephone numbers are not permitted, as are destination numbers on your **negative list**.

## 11.4.1 be.IP and be.IP plus as the media gateway

These devices forward the strings that were received from ISDN via SIP to the "agency" so that when entering it on the end device only the features of a downstream ISDN telephone system have to be taken into account if necessary, and that enquiries regarding the telephone system should be directed to the relevant manufacturer.

# 11.4.2 be.IP plus as PBX

It is necessary to distinguish between two cases, depending on settings in the authorisation class

- Outside line with the exchange code
- Automatic outside line
#### 11.4.2.1 Outside line with the exchange code

If an outside line is set, then this exchange code (normally "0") should be added as a prefix to the actual sequence so that, for our example, setting up and activation of "AWS-sofort" for the telephone number 0228-123456789 yields the string **0\*21\*0228123456789#**. The exchange code must, clearly, be selected depending on the setting.

#### 11.4.2.2 Automatic outside line

It must be taken into account regarding the automatic outside line that a prefixed "\*" character triggers the selection of an internal extension.

Example: If the automatic outside line is set and extension 10 wishes to have an internal call with extension 30, then the dialling sequence would be: **\*30** 

However, this feature of **be.IP plus** as PBX which was described earlier can lead to the idea that dialling "\*21" will reach the internal extension 21. The dialling sequence for the telephone system must make it clear that this string must be transferred to the agency with "\*" as a prefixed character.

This happens by consciously dialling an "internal number" then obtaining an outside line via the exchange code (usually "0"), so prefixing with "\*0"!

The following dialling sequence is the result of the example for setting up and activating a "AWS-sofort" for the telephone number 0228-123456789: **\*0\*21\*0228123456789#** 

The exchange code must, clearly, be selected depending on the setting.

# 11.5 Setting up the function key for controlling the integrated access point

### 11.5.1 Note

The following description only covers configuration of the function key for activating / deactivating the access point integrated in the **be.IP**. This does not cover the settings of the wireless module and creation of a wireless network.

The Full Access view is required for accessibility of the relevant menus.

be.IP plus be.ip_plus b	Logout 🧿
	Initial operation
	User
	Expert
	Full Access

Fig. 113: Configuration interface header bar

On the plan view, the function key can be found on the Ethernet interfaces on the left-hand side next to the RSMA connection (screw-in connection for the WLAN antenna).

The task of monitoring a state - in this case, whether the key is active or inactive - is done by the **scheduler**. Depending on whether this applies to one or several initiators, specific actions can be carried out, in this example the action would be *activating/deactivating the access-point*. The initiators are cyclically monitored in an adjustable interval so that there is a time delay between actuating the key and the action of the access point.

# 11.5.2 Configuration

### 11.5.2.1 Setting the initiator

The status of the function key as *on* or *off* must be configured as an **Trigger**. Go to the **Local Services->Scheduling->Trigger->New** menu.

Basic Parameters		Scheduling Options	
Event List	New •	Function Button Status	On 🔻
Description Key status			
Event Type	Function Button		

#### Fig. 114: Local Services->Scheduling->Trigger->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter any **Description** for the event list, in this case Key status.
- (2) Under Event Type select the Function Button option.
- (3) Set the Function Button Status to On.
- (4) Press OK to confirm your entries.



## Note

The function key does not change the status between on and off every time it is actuated, but also changes the status depending on the time difference between presses!

If actuated for more than one second, but less than three, then the status is *on*. Actuation longer than three seconds sets the key status to *off*.

Unintended actuation or so-called "toggling" between statuses is therefore avoided.

#### 11.5.2.2 Configuring the action

In the next step, the action is now defined depending on the state of the initiator.

Go to the Local Services->Scheduling->Actions->New menu.

Basic Parameters	
Description Activating the access-point	
Command Type	WLAN: Operation Mode
Event List	Tasterstatus •
Event List Condition	All
Select radio	WLAN1 V
Operation Mode (Active)	Access-Point / Bridge Link Master 🔻
Operation Mode (Inactive)	Off

Fig. 115: Local Services->Scheduling->Actions->New

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enter any **Description** for the action, in this case *Activating* the *access-point*.
- (2) Under **Command Type** select the *WLAN:* Operation Mode option in the drop-down menu.
- (3) Select the **Event List** that you defined in the **Trigger** menu as an initiating event list, in this case *Key* status.
- (4) Under Event List Condition leave the settings on All.
- (5) Regarding the integrated WLAN1, set the operation mode (active) to Access-Point / Bridge Link Master.
- (6) Set the operation mode (inactive) to Off.
- (7) Press **OK** to confirm your entries.

#### 11.5.2.3 Enable scheduling

At the end, configure the schedule interval.

Go to the Local Services->Scheduling->Options menu.

Scheduling Options	
Schedule Interval	55 sec Cabled

#### Fig. 116: Local Services->Scheduling->Options

Proceed as follows:

- (1) Enable the Schedule Interval option.
- (2) Keep the default value at 55 seconds. If the value has to be adjusted, do not select a value below 10 seconds.
- (3) Press OK to confirm your entries.

At this point, configuration is completed.

After a test, the performed configuration should be saved with the button

SAVE CONFIGURATION above the menu bar.

# **11.5.3 Overview of Configuration Steps**

### Setting the initiator

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Local Services->Scheduling->Trig- ger->New	<b>e.g.</b> Key status
Event Type	Local Services->Scheduling->Trig- ger->New	Function Button
Function Button Status	Local Services->Scheduling->Trig- ger->New	On

### Configuring the action

Field	Menu	Value
Description	Local Services->Scheduling->Ac- tions->New	<b>e.g.</b> Activating the access-point
Command Type	Local Services->Scheduling->Ac- tions->New	WLAN: Operation Mode
Event List	Local Services->Scheduling->Ac- tions->New	Key status
Event List Condition	Local Services->Scheduling->Ac- tions->New	All
Select radio	Local Services->Scheduling->Ac- tions->New	WLAN1
Operation mode (active)	Local Services->Scheduling->Ac- tions->New	Access-Point / Bridge Link Master
Operation mode (inactive)	Local Services->Scheduling->Ac- tions->New	Off

### Enable scheduling

Field	Menu	Value
Schedule Interval	Local Services->Scheduling->Op- tions	Enabled and 55 sec