WAN PARTNER

Purpose

This document is part of the user's guide to the installation and configuration of Bintec gateways running software release 7.1.16 or later. For up-to-the-minute information and instructions concerning the latest software release, you should always read our **Release Notes**, especially when carrying out a software update to a later release level. The latest **Release Notes** can be found at www.funkwerkec.com.

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Guidelines and standards

Bintec gateways comply with the following guidelines and standards:

R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EG

Germany

CE marking for all EU countries and Switzerland

You will find detailed information in the Declarations of Conformity at www.funkwerk-ec.com.

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1 WAN Partner Menu

The fields of the WAN PARTNER menu are described below.

X2250 Setup Tool [WAN]: WAN Partners		Bintec	Access	Networks	GmbH MyGateway
Current WAN Partner	Configuration	ı			
Partnername branch	Prot ppp	cocol		State dormant	
ADD	DELETE	1	EXIT		

To enable your gateway to set up connections to networks or hosts outside your LAN, you must configure the partners you want to connect to as so-called WAN partners on your gateway. This applies to outgoing connections (e.g. your gateway dials its WAN partner), as well as incoming connections (e.g. a WAN partner dials the number of your gateway) and leased lines.

If you want to access the Internet, you must set up your Internet Service Provider (>> ISP) as a WAN partner. If you want to connect your LAN to a remote LAN, e.g. your LAN (head office) and the LAN of a branch office (corporate network connection), you must configure the remote LAN as a WAN partner.

If you have configured a leased line during configuration of your gateway's ISDN S0 interface, a WAN partner is already configured automatically in the **WAN PARTNER** menu. Edit this entry to suit your requirements.

All the WAN partners entered are displayed in a list that contains the partner name (*Partnername*), the encapsulation used (*Protocol*) and the current state of each (*State*). *Protocol* can have the possible values of *Encapsulation*, see table "Possible values for State field," on page 4.

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The **STATE** field can have the following values:

Description	Meaning
up	connected
dormant	not connected (dialup connection); dial-up possible
blocked	not connected (e.g. an error occurred on setting up an outgoing connection, a renewed attempt is only possible after a specified number of seconds)
down	administratively set to <i>down</i> (deactivated); dial- up impossible for leased lines: not connected

Table 1-1: Possible values for STATE field

The WAN partner configuration is made in the WAN PARTNER → ADD/EDIT menu:

```
X2250 Setup Tool
                                    Bintec Access Networks GmbH
[WAN] [ADD]: Configure WAN Partner
                                                           MyGateway
Partner Name
Encapsulation
                                PPP
Encryption
                              none
Compression
                              none
Calling Line Identification no
Advanced Settings >
WAN Numbers >
IP >
Bridge >
              SAVE
                                            CANCEL
```

The WAN PARTNER → ADD/EDIT menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description	
Partner Name	Enter a name for uniquely identifying the WAN partner. In this field the first character must not be a number. Don't use special characters or umlauts. The entry can have max. 25 characters.	
Encapsulation	 ➤ Encapsulation. Defines how the ➤ data packets are packed for transfer to the WAN partner. Possible values: ■ PPP (default value) ■ Multi-Protocol LAPB Framing ■ Multi-Protocol HDLC Framing ■ Async PPP over X.75 ■ Async PPP over X.75/T.70/BTX ■ Async PPP over V.120 (HSCSD) ■ X.25_PPP ■ X.25 ■ HDLC Framing (IP only) ■ LAPB Framing (IP only) ■ X31 B-Channel ■ X.25 No Signaling ■ X.25 No Configuration 	
	 Multi-Protocol HDLC Framing Async PPP over X.75 Async PPP over X.75/T.70/BTX Async PPP over V.120 (HSCSD) X.25_PPP X.25 HDLC Framing (IP only) LAPB Framing (IP only) X31 B-Channel X.25 No Signaling X.25 PAD 	

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Field	Description
Encapsulation (cont.)	X.25 No Configuration, No Signaling
	As not all Bintec devices support all protocols, please check prior to configuration the availablity of the respective protocol according to the data sheet at www.funkwerk-ec.com.
Encryption	Defines the type of encryption that should be used for data traffic to the WAN partner. Only possible if STAC resp. MS-STAC compression is not activated for the connection. Possible values: see table "Encryption selection options," on page 8.
	If ENCRYPTION is set, this function must also be activated at the remote gateway, otherwise the connection cannot be established.
Compression	Defines the type of compression that should be used for data traffic to the WAN partner and is only active when supported by the remote gateway. Possible values:
	■ STAC, MS-STAC, MPPC: These values are only available if ENCAPSULATION has been set to PPP, Async PPP over X.75, Async PPP over X.75/T.70/BTX, Async PPP over V.120 (HSCSD) or X.25_PPP.
	V.42bis: For ENCAPSULATION LAPB Framing (only IP) and Multi-Protocol LAPB Framing only V.42bis compression is available.

Field	Description
Compression (cont.)	none (default value)
	A combination of encryption and compression is only possible with (any) MPPE encryption and MPPC.
	When ENCAPSULATION = Multi-Protocol HDLC
	Framing, X.25, HDLC Framing (only IP), X31
	BChannel, X.25 No Signalling, X.25 PAD, X.25
	No Configuration, Frame Relay and X.25 No
	Configuration, No Signalling this field is not displayed.
	(As not all Bintec devices support all protocols, please check prior to configuration the availability of the respective protocol according to the data sheet at www.funkwerk-ec.com .)
Calling Line Identification	Indicates whether calls from this WAN partner are identified by means of the calling party number (>> CLID). The value of this field depends on <i>Direction</i> in the <i>WAN Numbers</i> submenu and cannot be set here.

Table 1-2: WAN PARTNER menu fields

ENCRYPTION offers the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
none (default value)	No encryption
MPPE 40	MPPE version 1 and 2 with 40-bit key
MPPE V2 40	MPPE version 2 with 40-bit key
MPPE V2 40 (RFC 3078)	MPPE version 2 with 40-bit key as per RFC 3078: required for MS clients as of Windows 2000 (MS service packs may be necessary, too)
MPPE V1 40 only	Only MPPE version 1 with 40-bit key

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Description	Meaning
MPPE 56	MPPE version 1 and 2 with 56-bit key
MPPE V2 56	MPPE version 2 with 56-bit key
MPPE V2 56 (RFC 3078)	MPPE version 2 with 56-bit key as per RFC 3078: required for MS clients as of Windows 2000 (MS service packs may be necessary, too)
MPPE V1 56 only	Only MPPE version 1 with 56-bit key
DES 56	DES with 56-bit key
Blowfish 56	Blowfish with 56-bit key
MPPE 128	MPPE version 1 and 2 with 128-bit key
MPPE V2 128	MPPE version 2 with 128-bit key
MPPE V2 128 (RFC 3078)	MPPE version 2 with 128-bit key as per RFC 3078: required for MS clients as of Windows 2000 (MS service packs may be necessary, too)
MPPE V1 128 only	Only MPPE version 1 with 128-bit key
MPPE V1 128 (MS compatible mode)	MS compatible MPPE version 1 mode with 128-bit for MS-CHAP V1 (non-conform to RFC 3079)
MPPE V2 128 (MS compatible mode)	MS compatible MPPE version 2 mode with 128-bit for MS-CHAP V1 (non-conform to RFC 3079)
DES3 168	Triple DES with 168-bit key
Blowfish 168	Blowfish with 168-bit key

Table 1-3: **ENCRYPTION** selection options

These values are only available if **ENCAPSULATION** has been set to *PPP*, *Async PPP over X.75*, *Async PPP* over *X.75/T.70/BTX*, *Async PPP* over *V.120* (HSCSD) or *X.25_PPP*. (As not all Bintec devices support all protocols, please

check prior to configuration the availablity of the respective protocol according to the data sheet at www.funkwerk-ec.com.)

For all other possible values for Encapsulation the field Encryption is not displayed.

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2 Submenu PPP

The PPP submenu is described below.

```
X2250 Setup Tool
                                    Bintec Access Networks GmbH
[WAN] [EDIT] [PPP]: PPP Settings (branch)
                                                             MyGateway
 Authentication
                             CHAP + PAP
  Partner PPP ID
  Local PPP ID
                               x2250
 PPP Password
 Keepalives
                               off
 Link Quality Monitoring
                               off
               OK
                                             CANCEL
```

The **WAN PARTNER** → **PPP** menu contains specific **>> PPP** settings, e.g. **AUTHENTICATION**, that only refer to the WAN partner to be configured.

The variable **AUTHENTICATION** is only applied for outgoing calls and incoming calls that are identified via CLID.

For incoming calls without CLID the variable **AUTHENTICATION** from the **PPP** main menu is applied.

The **PPP** menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description
Authentication	Authentication protocol. Possible values: see table "Selection options in Authentication field," on page 13.
Partner PPP ID	ID of WAN partner.
Local PPP ID	ID of your gateway. The set value of Local PPP ID in the System menu is default value.
PPP Password	Password.

Field	Description	
Keepalives	Activates the function PPP-Keepalive for checking the reachability of the remote PPP terminal. Possible values:	
	off (default value for dialup connection) - deactivates keepalive.	
	 on (default value for leased line) - activates keepalive. 	
	For the function PPP-Keepalive every three seconds a packet is sent to the remote terminal. If the packet is unanswered five times, normally the interface is set to <i>down</i> for leased line connections and <i>dormant</i> for dialup connections.	
Link Quality Monitoring	Activates PPP Link Quality Monitoring as per RFC 1989. Possible values:	
	off (default value)	
	■ on	
	Only necessary in exceptional cases, e.g. with Nokia Communicator.	

PPP submenu fields Table 2-1:

The **AUTHENTICATION** field contains the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
PAP	Only run >> PAP (PPP Password Authentication Protocol); the password is transferred uncoded.
СНАР	Only run >> CHAP (PPP Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol as per RFC 1994); the password is transferred encoded.
CHAP + PAP	Run primarily CHAP, otherwise PAP.
MS-CHAP	Only run MS-CHAP version 1 (PPP-Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol).
CHAP + PAP + MS- CHAP	Run primarily CHAP, on denial the authentication protocol required by the WAN partner. (MS-CHAP version 1 or 2 possible.)
MS-CHAP V2	Run MS-CHAP version 2 only.
none	Run no PPP authentication protocol.

Table 2-2: Selection options in **AUTHENTICATION** field

3 Submenu Advanced Settings

The fields of the ADVANCED SETTINGS submenu are described below.

```
X2250 Setup Tool
                                    Bintec Access Networks GmbH
[WAN] [EDIT] [ADVANCED]: Advanced Settings (branch)
                                                              MyGateway
 Callback
                                         no
 Static Short Hold (sec)
                                         20
 Idle for Dynamic Short Hold (%)
                                         Ω
 Delay after Connection Failure (sec) 300
 Layer 1 Protocol
                                        ISDN 64 kbps
 Channel Bundling
                                         no
 Extended Interface Settings (optional) >
 Special Interface Types
                                         none
             OK
                                                 CANCEL
```

Specific functions for >> WAN partners make it possible to define the characteristics for connections to WAN partners individually and are configured in the WAN PARTNER -> ADVANCED SETTINGS menu.

Callback

The callback mechanism can be used for each WAN partner to obtain additional security regarding the connection partner or to clearly allocate the costs of connections. A connection is not set up until the calling party has been clearly identified by calling back. The gateway can answer an incoming call with a callback or wait for a callback of a WAN partner.

Identification can be based on the calling party number or PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP authentication. Identification is made in the first case without call acceptance, as the calling party number is transferred over the ISDN D-channel, and in the second case with call acceptance.

Defining short hold

>> Short hold is defined to clear an unused connection automatically, i.e. when no more user data is sent, and thus save charges. The short hold setting can be either static or dynamic and tells the gateway the duration of the idle time, after which it is to clear down the connection.

Static

The static short hold setting determines how much time should pass between sending the last >> user data packet and clearing the connection. Enter a fixed period of time in seconds.

Dynamic (only with ISDN)

With the dynamic short hold setting, no fixed period of time is specified and the length of an ISDN charging unit is considered instead. Dynamic short hold is based on AOCD (advice of charge during the call), which depends on time, weekend/weekday.

When setting dynamic short hold, you specify how much percent of an interval of charge may be reached after the last user data has been sent before the connection is cleared. If you enter 50 %, for example, the *IDLE FOR DYNAMIC SHORT HOLD* equals 60 seconds if the preceding charging unit was 120 seconds, and 300 seconds if the preceding charging unit was 600 seconds. Only use *IDLE FOR DYNAMIC SHORT HOLD* in conjunction with *STATIC SHORT HOLD* for safety reasons.

Delay after connection failure

This function enables you to set the period of time the gateway is to wait for an attempt to set up an outgoing connection after an unsuccessful attempt to set up a call.

Layer 1 protocol

You can define the Layer 1 protocol for outgoing connections to the WAN partner.

Channel bundling

The gateway supports dynamic and static >> channel bundling for dialup connections. Only one B-channel is initially opened when a connection is established.

Dynamic

Dynamic channel bundling means that the gateway connects other >> ISDN B-channels to increase the throughput for connections to the WAN partner, if this is required, e.g. for large data rates. If the amount of data traffic drops, the additional >> B-channels are closed again.

Static

In static channel bundling, you specify right from the start how many B-channels the gateway uses for connections to the WAN partner, regardless of the amount of data transferred.

The ADVANCED SETTINGS menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description
Callback	Activates the callback function. Possible values: see table "Callback selection options," on page 20.
Static Short Hold (sec)	Idle time in seconds for static short hold. Default value is 20.
	e.g. 10 for FTP connections 20 for LAN to LAN connections 90 for Internet connections
Idle for Dynamic Short Hold (%)	Idle time in percent of the interval of charge for dynamic short hold.
	Only activate if charging pulses are transmitted during the connection (AOCD).
Delay after Connection Failure (sec)	Block timer. Indicates the wait time in seconds before the gateway tries again after an attempt to establish a connection has failed.
Layer 1 Protocol	Defines which Layer 1 Protocol the gateway is to use. This setting applies to outgoing connections with the WAN partner and to incoming calls from the WAN partner, only if they have been identified from the calling party number. Possible values: see table "Selection options of Layer 1 Protocol," on page 22.

Field	Description
Channel Bundling	Defines whether and which type of channel bundling is to be used for ISDN connections to the WAN partner. Possible values:
	no: No channel bundling, only one B-channel is ever available for connections.
	static: Dynamic channel bundling.
	dynamic: Static channel bundling.
	The field is not displayed when LAYER 1 PROTOCOL = PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE), PPP over PPTP.
Total Number of Chan- nels	For dynamic channel bundling: Defines the maximum number of B-channels that may be opened.
	For static channel bundling: Defines the number of B channels that are open throughout the connection.
Remote X.25 Address	X.25 destination address. Appears only if AO/DI is selected under LAYER 1 PROTOCOL.
	As not all Bintec devices support all protocols, please check prior to configuration the availablity of the respective protocol according to the data sheet at www.funkwerk-ec.com.

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Field	Description
Special Interface Types	This option defines a special application of the interface. Possible values:
	none: No special type selected.
	dialin only: The interface is used for incoming dialup connections and for callback initiated from the outside.
	■ Call-by-Call (dialin only): The interface is defined as multi-user WAN partner, i.e. several clients dial in with the same user name and password. Only practical if WAN PARTNER → IP → BASIC SETTINGS → IP TRANSIT NETWORK is set to dynamic server.

Table 3-1: ADVANCED SETTINGS menu fields

CALLBACK offers the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
no (default value)	The gateway does not call back.
expected (awaiting call-back)	The gateway requests the WAN partner to call back.

Description	Meaning
yes (PPP negotiation)	The gateway calls back after a period proposed by the Microsoft client (NT: 10 seconds, newer versions: 12 seconds) with the number with DIRECTION outgoing or both entered for the WAN partner. If no number is entered, the required number can be reported by the caller in a PPP negotiation. This setting should be avoided if possible for security reasons. However, for connecting mobile Microsoft >> clients over data transmission networks this is currently not avoidable.
yes (delayed, CLID only)	The gateway calls back after approx. four seconds, if requested to by the WAN partner. Makes only sense with CLID.
yes (PPP negotiation, callback optional)	Like yes (PPP negotiation) with abort option. This option should be avoided for safety reasons. The Microsoft client additionally has the option of aborting callback and maintaining the initial connection to the gateway without callback. This is only valid if no fix outgoing number has been configured for the WAN partner. This is done by pressing CANCEL to close the dialog box that appears.
yes	The gateway calls back immediately, if requested to by the WAN partner.

CALLBACK selection options Table 3-2:

LAYER 1 PROTOCOL contains the following selection options. As not all Bintec devices support all protocols, please check prior to configuration the availablity of the respective protocol according to the data sheet at www.funkwerk-ec.com.

Description	Meaning
ISDN 64 kbps (default value)	For 64-kbps ISDN data connections.
Modem	(Only available if expansion card and resource card with digital modems are installed) Assigns incoming analog calls to the PPP routing service. The digital modem on the resource card that accepts this call uses the settings for Modem Profile 1, which were selected in the MODEM → PROFILE CONFIGURATION → PROFILE 1 menu.
DOVB 64 kbps DOVB 56 kbps	Data transmission Over Voice Bearer – useful in the USA, for example, where voice connections are sometimes cheaper than data connections.
V.110 (1200 38400)	For GSM connections to V.110 at bit rates of 1200 bps, 2400 bps,, 38400 bps.
Modem Profile 1 8	(Only available if expansion card and resource card with digital modems are installed) Assigns incoming analog calls to the PPP routing service. The digital modem on the resource card that accepts this call uses the settings for Modem Profile 1 8, which were selected in the MODEM → PROFILE CONFIGURATION → PROFILE 18 menu.
PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)	For connections to xDSL
PPP over PPTP	For connections to xDSL, e.g. in Austria

Description	Meaning
PPP over L2TP (LNS mode)	Using this option, the WAN Partner is used for accepting L2TP tunnels and terminating the encapsulated PPP data stream.
PPP over L2TP (LAC mode)	Using this option, the WAN Partner is used to encapsulate a PPP data stream into L2TP and create an L2TP tunnel to a remote LNS.
AO/DI	For using Always On/Dynamic ISDN

Table 3-3: Selection options of LAYER 1 PROTOCOL

3.1 Submenu Extended Interface Settings (optional)

The fields of the EXTENDED INTERFACE SETTINGS submenu are described below.

```
X2250 Setup Tool
                                    Bintec Access Networks GmbH
[WAN] [EDIT] [ADVANCED] [EXTIF]: Extended Interface
                                                             MyGateway
                              Settings (branch)
Optional Extended Interface Settings not configured yet!
                                     Bandwidth On Demand Enabled
Line Utilization Weighting
Line Utilization Sample (sec)
Gear Up Threshold
                                   90
Gear Down Threshold
Maximum Number of Dialup Channels 1
Encryption Key Negotiation
                                   static
 TX Key
 RX Key
          SAVE
                                                   CANCEL
```

The WAN PARTNER → ADVANCED SETTINGS → EXTENDED INTERFACE SETTINGS submenu displays per default only options for ENCRYPTION KEY NEGOTIATION. If

Channel Bundling is set to *dynamic*, further options for the function Bandwidth in Demand (=BOD) are shown. If BOD is activated in *Mode*, additional options are displayed.

If you save the configuration of the options in this menu for the first time, the message *Optional Extended Interface Settings not configured yet!* is blanked out and the option **Delete Configuration** is displayed.

Channel-Bundling

The Channel-Bundling function can only be applied with ISDN connections or leased lines in conjunction with ISDN for increasing bandwidth or as backup solution.

If the remote terminal uses a device of other makes, verify that dynamic channel bundling resp. BACP/BAP are supported also for leased lines in conjunction with ISDN for increase of bandwidth resp. as backup solution.

The **EXTENDED INTERFACE SETTINGS** menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description
Mode	Only for WAN PARTNER → ADVANCED SETTINGS → CHANNEL-BUNDLING = dynamic
	Defines which mode is used for BOD. Possible values: see table "Mode selection options," on page 31.

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Field	Description
Line Utilization Weighting	Only for Mode = Bandwidth On Demand Enabled / BAP, Active Mode / BAP, Passive Mode / BAP, Active and Passive Mode / BAP, Client Active Mode / BAP, Dialup Server Mode Defines how the line utilization is calculated. The load is calculated every 1 second. Possible values:
	equal: All the measured values of throughput in LINE UTILIZATION SAMPLE (SEC) are weighted equally for the calculation (default value).
	proportional: The last measured values of throughput are weighted more heavily for the calculation, i.e. in LINE UTILIZATION SAMPLE (SEC) the calculation is most heavily influenced by the last measured values.
Line Utilization Sample (sec)	Only for Mode = Bandwidth On Demand Enabled / BAP, Active Mode / BAP, Passive Mode / BAP, Active and Passive Mode / BAP, Client Active Mode / BAP, Dialup Server Mode Time interval in seconds. Throughput measure-
	ments in <i>Line Utilization Sample (sec)</i> are included in the calculation of the line utilization (the load is calculated every 1 second). Possible values: 5 to 300 (default value: 5).
Gear Up Threshold	Only for Mode = Bandwidth On Demand Enabled / BAP, Active Mode / BAP, Passive Mode / BAP, Active and Passive Mode / BAP, Client Active Mode / BAP, Dialup Server Mode Utilization threshold in percent at which another ISDN B-channel is added for a connection.

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Field	Description
Gear Down Threshold	Only for Mode = Bandwidth On Demand Enabled / BAP, Active Mode / BAP, Passive Mode / BAP, Active and Passive Mode / BAP, Client Active Mode / BAP, Dialup Server Mode
	A B-channel is dropped as soon as the remaining connection has a load measured in percent that is lower than the value adjusted in this field.
D-Channel Queue Length	(Only if LAYER 1 PROTOCOL = AO/DI in the WAN PARTNER → ADVANCED SETTINGS menu)
	See data sheet on www.funkwerk-ec.com to check whether your gateway supports AO/DI.
	Only for Mode = Bandwidth On Demand Enabled / BAP, Active Mode / BAP, Passive Mode / BAP, Active and Passive Mode / BAP, Client Active Mode / BAP, Dialup Server Mode
	Threshold value for the number of bytes accumulated in the buffer of the D-channel at which the system is to change to the B-Channel Mode.
	Default value is 7500.
Maximum Number of Dia- lup Channels	Only for MODE = Bandwidth On Demand Enabled / BAP, Active Mode / BAP, Passive Mode / BAP, Active and Passive Mode / BAP, Client Active Mode / BAP, Dialup Server Mode
	Maximum possible number of ISDN B-channels that can be opened for this WAN partner. The value is only displayed here; it is set under TOTAL NUMBER OF CHANNELS in the WAN PARTNER → ADD/EDIT → ADVANCED SETTINGS menu. Default value is 1.

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Field	Description
Encryption Key Negotia- tion	Defines whether a key for the connection to the WAN partner is generated automatically or defined statically in case an encryption has been activated in <i>WAN PARTNER</i> → <i>ENCRYPTION</i> . Possible values:
	authentication (default value): Key is generated automatically by the gateway.
	■ static: The key is defined statically and must be entered under ENCRYPTION KEY (TX) and ENCRYPTION KEY (RX).
TX Key	(Only for ENCRYPTION KEY NEGOTIATION = static)
	Key (in hexadecimal format) for encryption of outgoing data (must be the same as the entry under ENCRYPTION KEY (RX) at the connection partner).
RX Key	(Only for ENCRYPTION KEY NEGOTIATION = static)
	Key (in hexadecimal format) for decryption of incoming data (must be the same as the entry under ENCRYPTION KEY (TX) at the connection partner).

Table 3-4: EXTENDED INTERFACE SETTINGS submenu fields

Mode offers the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
Bandwidth On Demand Disabled	Deactivates ➤➤ BOD (default value).
Bandwidth On Demand Enabled	(For dialup connections only) Activates BOD, additional ISDN B-channels can be opened. The connection partner who initiated the connection opens the additional channels.

Description	Meaning
BAP, Active Mode and	BAP=Bandwidth Allocation Protocol
BAP, Passive Mode	BAP, Active Mode must be set for LAYER 1 PROTOCOL = AO/DI (=Always On/Dynamic ISDN). The function AO/DI depends on the type of device. See data sheet on www.funkwerk- ec.com to check whether your gateway sup- ports it.
	The Bandwidth Allocation Protocol (BAP) has three different modes for negotiating a bandwidth change. The two negotiating partners take opposite roles. In this scenario the remote connection partner must always be in the opposite role or in BAP, Active and Passive Mode. The negotiating partners behave as follows:
	■ Call Request: The partner in Active Mode wants to add a second B-channel. He sends a Call Request. A partner in Passive Mode accepts the Call Request of the negotiating partner if applicable. The partner in Active Mode thus opens the B-channel.
BAP, Active Mode and BAP, Passive Mode (cont.)	■ Callback Request: The partner in Active Mode requests the partner in Passive Mode to add a second B-channel. He sends a Callback Request. A partner in Passive Mode accepts the Callback Request if applicable and opens the channel.
	Link Drop Request: The partner in Active Mode wants to drop a B-channel. He sends a Link Drop Request. A partner in Passive Mode accepts the Link Drop Request of the negotiating partner if applicable. The partner in Active Mode then drops the channel.

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Description	Meaning
BAP, Active and Passive Mode	Choosing this option both negotiating partners can have the active or the passive role. The negotiating partners behave as follows:
	■ Call Request: One of the two partners wants to add a second B-channel. He sends a Call Request, the partner accepts it. Both negotiating partners can send the Call Reqest as well as accept one.
	Callback Request: One of the negotiating partners requests the other to add a second B-channel. He sends a Callback Request, the partner accepts it and opens the chan- nel. Both partners can send a Callback Re- quest as well as accept one.
	■ Link Drop Request: One partner wants to drop a B-channel. He sends a Link Drop Request, the partner accepts it. Both partners can send a Link Drop Request as well as accept it.
BAP, Active and Passive Mode (cont.)	Ensure that at the remote gateway, <i>BAP</i> , <i>Client Active Mode</i> or with devices of other makes RFC 2125 is supported and a corresponding mode is activated.
BAP, Client Active Mode	BAP behaves as follows in Client Active Mode: The partner who initiated the call setup is in Active Mode (see <i>BAP</i> , <i>Active Mode</i>) and the partner who accepted the call is in Passive Mode (see <i>BAP</i> , <i>Passive Mode</i>).
	Ensure that at the remote gateway, <i>BAP</i> , <i>Client Active Mode</i> or with devices of other makes RFC 2125 is supported and a corresponding mode is activated.

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Description	Meaning
BAP, Dialup Client Mode and BAP Dialup Server Mode	(For dialup connections only) An ISP can fulfill the channel-bundling function, even if it distributes incoming calls to several gateways: an ISDN number is transmitted to the client who dials in. This number is assigned individually to each gateway on the central side, so that the calls on several channels to this number are always terminated on the same gateway. Adding the second B-channel is carried out via a kind of callback: the client requests a further B-channel. The central side then requests the individual number of the gateway to which the client has already been connected. In this scenario the client takes the active part, i.e. he controls and has the responsibility (costs for channel-bundling). The central side accepts all requests of the client as long as they match the WAN partner configuration on the gateway.

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Description	Meaning
BAP, Dialup Client Mode and	settings on client-side: BAP, Dialup Client Mode
BAP Dialup Server Mode (cont.)	settings on server-side: BAP, dialup Server Mode (additionally: configuration of further values as e.g. BAPNUMBER and BAPLKTYPE in the PPPDIALPROFILETABLE via the SNMP shell of your gateway)
	Channel-Bundling must be activated on both sides (see <i>WAN Partner</i> → <i>ADD/EDIT</i> → <i>ADVANCED SETTINGS</i> → <i>CHANNEL BUNDLING</i> set to <i>dynamic</i> or <i>static</i>).
	If dial-in authentication is carried out via a RADIUS-Server, the Bintec-specific attributes must be applied for the configuration of the RADIUS-Server. Therefore an entry must be written into the user's file, that generates the required entries into the PPPEXTIFTABLE.
Backup	(For leased lines only) The backup connection is activated if the leased line fails. The backup connection is cleared when the leased line is available again. BOD is also available for this mode, if a value > 1 is used for MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DIALUP CHANNELS.
	One additional BRI for dial-up connections must be available at least. See datasheet on www.funkwerk-ec.com to check with how many BRIs your gateway is equipped.

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Description	Meaning
Bandwidth On Demand Active and	(For leased lines only) Enables BOD.
Bandwidth On Demand Passive	Bandwidth On Demand Active defines the active partner. This side activates adding and dropping additional B-channels on demand. Bandwidth On Demand Passive defines the passive partner.

Table 3-5: **Mode** selection options

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4 Submenu WAN Numbers

The fields of the WAN NUMBERS submenu are described below.

The **WAN PARTNER WAN NUMBERS** menu contains a list of the numbers entered for the WAN partner. Other numbers can be added via the **ADD** button. Existing entries can be edited by selecting the relevant list entry.

```
X2250 Setup Tool Bintec Access Networks GmbH
[WAN] [EDIT] [WAN NUMBERS] [ADD]: Add or Change MyGateway
WAN Numbers (branch)

Number
Direction outgoing
Advanced Settings >
ISDN Ports to use <X> Slot 0 Auxiliary <X> Slot 0 ISDN S0

SAVE CANCEL
```

The **WAN NUMBERS** → **ADD/EDIT** menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description
Number	Number of WAN partner.

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Field	Description
Direction	Defines whether NUMBER should be used for incoming or outgoing calls or for both. Possible values:
	outgoing: For outgoing calls, where you dial your WAN partner.
	both (CLID): For incoming and outgoing calls.
	incoming (CLID): For incoming calls, where your WAN partner dials in to your gateway.
	The Calling Party Number of the incoming call is compared with the set NUMBER .
	The Calling Party Number can be read in MONITORING & DEBUGGING → ISDN MONITOR as REMOTE NUMBER .
ISDN Ports to Use	Defines the ISDN ports to be used.
	Slot 0 Auxiliary: no entry or X
	■ Slot 0 ISDN S0: no entry or X

Table 4-1: WAN NUMBERS menu fields



When the gateway is connected to a PABX system for which a "0" prefix is necessary for external line access, this "0" must be considered when entering the access number.

Wildcards

When entering the **Number**, you can either enter the extension digit for digit or you can replace single numbers or groups of numbers with wildcards. **Number** can therefore equal various extensions.

You can use the following wildcards, which have different effects for incoming and outgoing calls:

	Meaning		Example		
Wildcard	Incoming calls	Outgoing calls	Number	The gateway accepts incoming calls e.g. with:	Outgoing calls, i.e. the gateway sets up a connection to the WAN partner with:
*	Matches a group of none or more digits.	Is ignored.	123*	123, 1234, 123789	123
?	Matches exactly one digit.	Is replaced by 0.	123?	1234, 1238, 1231	1230
[a-b]	Defines a range of matching digits.	The first digit of the specified range is used.	123[5-9]	1235, 1237, 1239	1235
[^a-b]	Defines a range of excluded digits.	The first digit after the specified range is used.	123[^0-5]	1236, 1238, 1239	1236
{ab}	Optional sequence to match.	Sequence is used.	{00}1234	001234 and 1234	001234

Table 4-2: Wildcards for incoming and outgoing calls



If the calling party number of an incoming call matches both a WAN partner's **NUMBER** with wildcards and a WAN partner's **NUMBER** without wildcards, the entry without wildcards is always used.

4.1 Submenu Advanced Settings

The WAN NUMBERS → ADVANCED SETTINGS submenu is described below.

4 Submenu WAN Numbers

The gateway supports the use of the "Closed User Group" service feature, which you can request for your ISDN line from your telephone company. The reachability of your ISDN S0 interface is monitored and controlled by the exchanges if this feature is selected.

If no "Closed User Group" is defined, the *Closed User Group* (=CUG) field shows *none*. To activate a Closer User Group for a WAN partner, select *specify*. Enter the CUG index in the field that opens. You can obtain information about CUGs from your telephone provider.

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5 Submenu IP

The IP submenu is described below.

The **WAN PARTNER** → **IP** submenu is used for making routing settings specifically for a WAN partner.

The *IP* submenu consists of the following additional submenus:

- BASIC IP SETTINGS
- More Routing
- ADVANCED SETTINGS

5.1 Submenu Basic IP-Settings

The fields of the BASIC IP-SETTINGS submenu are described below. When TRANSIT NETWORK is set to yes, the following screen is displayed (example addresses are used here):

X2250 Setup Tool [WAN] [EDIT] [IP] [BASIC]: IP Settings	Bintec Access Networks GmbH (branch) MyGateway
IP Transit Network	yes
Local IP Address Partner IP Address	192.168.100.1 192.168.100.2
Default Route	no
Remote IP Address Remote Netmask	192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
SAVE	CANCEL

To be able to transfer IP datagrams between two remote LANs, the gateway must know the route to the respective destination network. In this menu you can define the basic routing or generate a default route to the partner gateway.

Default route

All data is sent automatically to the WAN partner on a default route, if no other route matches.

Setting up an Internet connection, you should configure the route to your Internet Service Provider (ISP) as a default route.

If you configure e.g. a corporate network connection, only enter the route to the head office as a default route if you do not configure Internet access over your gateway.

If you configure both Internet access and a corporate network connection, enter a default route to the ISP and a network route to the head office.

You can configure several default routes on your gateway, but only one can be active. Make sure that you set different values for *Metric*, if you configure more than one default route.

Transit network

You use an additional ISDN IP address each for your gateway and the WAN partner. This sets up a virtual IP network – called a transit network – during the connection. You do not normally need this setting, but it is necessary for some special configurations.

If in WAN PARTNER → ADD/EDIT → ADVANCED SETTINGS → LAYER 1 PROTOCOL other options than PPP over PPTP are set, the BASIC IP-SETTINGS menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description	
IP Transit Network	Defines whether your gateway uses a transit network to the WAN partner. Possible values:	
	yes: The transit network is used.	
	no (default value): The transit network is not used.	
	dynamic client: Your gateway receives an IP address dynamically.	
	dynamic server: Your gateway assigns IP addresses to the remote gateway dynami- cally.	
Local IP Address	Only for IP Transit Network = yes, no.	
	■ if yes = WAN IP address of your gateway	
	■ if no = LAN IP address of your gateway	
Partner IP Address	Only if yes is set for IP TRANSIT NETWORK.	
	WAN partner's WAN IP address in the transit network.	
Enable NAT	Only if <i>dynamic client</i> is set for <i>IP Transit</i> **Network*. Possible values:	
	yes: NAT is activated for this WAN partner.	
	no (default value): NAT is deactivated for this WAN partner.	
	The settings in this menu correspond to NAT activation in the <i>IP</i> → <i>NETWORK ADDRESS TRANSLATION</i> → <i>EDIT</i> menu.	

WAN Partner

Field	Description	
Default Route	Only if dynamic client, no or yes is set for IP TRANSIT NETWORK. Possible values:	
	yes: Route to this WAN partner is defined as default route.	
	no (default value): Route to this WAN part- ner is not defined as default route.	
Remote IP Address	Only if <i>yes</i> or <i>no</i> is set for <i>IP TRANSIT NETWORK</i> . WAN partner's LAN IP address.	
Remote Netmask	Only if yes or no is set for IP TRANSIT NETWORK. WAN partner's LAN netmask.	

Table 5-1: BASIC IP SETTINGS menu fields

For an xDSL connection via PPTP, e.g. by Telekom Austria, PPP over PPTP is set in WAN PARTNER → ADD/EDIT → ADVANCED SETTINGS → LAYER 1 PROTOCOL. Then the **BASIC IP-SETTINGS** menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description
PPTP VPN Partner's IP Address	Here you enter the IP address of the PPTP remote terminal of your Internet Service Provider (=ISP).
via IP Interface	This field is displayed if an IP address has been entered into the field PPTP VPN PARTNER 'S IP ADDRESS .
	Here you select the IP interface via which packets from/to the PPTP remote terminal are transported.
Use Gateway	This field is displayed, when an ETH interface has been selected in <i>Via IP Interface</i> .
	Defines whether the PPTP tunnel is carried out via another gateway. Default value is <i>no</i> , which should only be modified in special applications.

Field	Description	
Gateway IP Address	Only if Use Gateway = yes	
	IP address of the gateway activated by setting USE GATEWAY to yes.	
Local PPTP VPN IP Address	This field is displayed, if an ETH interface has been selected in <i>VIA IP INTERFACE</i> and if <i>USE GATEWAY</i> is set to <i>no</i> .	
	IP address of your gateway for the PPTP connection.	
Enable NAT	Defines if Network Address Translation (NAT) is active for this connection. Possible values:	
	yes: NAT is activated.	
	no (default value): NAT is deactivated.	
Default Route	Defines if the route to this WAN partner is set as default route. Possible values:	
	yes: Route to this WAN partner is defined as default route.	
	no (default value): Route to this WAN part- ner is not defined as default route.	

5.2 Submenu More Routing

The fields of the MORE ROUTING submenu are described below.

If a route has been entered for a specific WAN partner in **BASIC IP-SETTINGS**, a routing entry is created automatically in your gateway's routing table. The submenu **MORE ROUTING** appears in the **WAN PARTNER** \rightarrow **IP** menu. In this menu you can edit the routing entries of a specific WAN partner and add other entries.

The IP routes for a specific WAN Partner are listed in the WAN PARTNER → IP → MORE ROUTING menu:

```
X2250 Setup Tool
                                       Bintec Access Networks GmbH
[WAN] [ADD] [IP] [ROUTING]: IP Routing (branch)
                                                                MyGateway
 The flags are: U (Up), D (Dormant), B (Blocked),
                 G (Gateway Route), I (Interface Route),
                 S (Subnet Route), H (Host Route), E (Extended Route)
Destination Gateway Mask Flags Met. Interface 192.168.1.0 192.168.100.2 255.255.255.0 DG 1 branch
                                             Flags Met. Interface Pro
                                                                      loc
192.168.100.2 192.168.100.1 255.255.255.0 DH 1 branch
                                                                      loc
   ADD
                     ADDEXT
                                         DELETE
                                                             EXIT
```

FLAGS shows the current status (Up, Dormant, Blocked) and the type of route (Gateway Route, Interface Route, Subnet Route, Host Route, Extended Route). The protocol with which your gateway has "learned" the routing entry is displayed under **Pro**, e.g. loc = local, i.e. manually entered.

More routes are added in the WAN PARTNER → IP → MORE ROUTING → ADD menu. Existing entries can be edited by tagging the desired list entry and pressing the Return key.

X2250 Setup Tool [WAN] [EDIT] [IP] [ROUTING] [EDIT]	Bintec Access Networks GmbH DIT] MyGateway
Route Type	Network route
Network	WAN with transit network
Destination IP Address	192.168.1.0
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP-Address	192.168.100.2
Metric	0
SAVE	CANCEL

The *More Routing* → *ADD/EDIT* menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description	
Route Type	Type of route. Possible values:	
	■ Host route: Route to a single host	
	■ Network route: Route to a network	
	Default route: The route is applied for all IP addresses and if no other suitable route is available.	
Network	Defines the type of connection. For possible values see table "Selection options in Network field," on page 44.	
	The displayed value cannot be modified in this menu. It depends on the setting of <i>IP TRANSIT</i> NETWORK IN WAN PARTNER → ADD/EDIT → IP → BASIC IP-SETTINGS.	
Destination IP Address	Only for ROUTE TYPE = Host route or Network route. IP address of the destination host or network.	
Netmask	Only for ROUTE TYPE = Network route	
	Netmask for DESTINATION IP ADDRESS	
	If no entry is made the gateway uses a standard netmask.	
Gateway IP Address	Only for NETWORK = WAN with transit network.	
	IP address of the host to which your gateway should forward the IP packets.	
Partner / Interface	Only for NETWORK = WAN without transit network	
	Displays the WAN partner. Field cannot be modified.	

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Field	Description
Metric	The lower the value, the higher the priority of the route (possible values 015).

Table 5-2: MORE ROUTING menu fields

NETWORK offers the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
WAN without transit net- work	Route to a destination host or LAN that can be reached via a WAN partner without including any transit network available.
WAN with transit network	Route to a destination host or LAN that can be reached via a WAN partner via a transit network.

Table 5-3: Selection options in NETWORK field

In addition to the normal routing table, the gateway can also make routing decisions based on an extended routing table. Apart from the source and destination address, the gateway can also include the protocol, source and destination port, type of service (TOS) and the status of the gateway interface in the decision.

Entries in the Extended Routing Table are treated preferentially compared with entries in the normal routing table.

To create extended IP routing entries, press the **ADDEXT** button to open the relevant menu.

Example

Extended IP Routing (XIPR) is useful, for example, if two networks are connected via ISDN with a LAN-LAN connection, but certain services (e.g. Telnet) should be routed over an X.25 link and not over an ISDN switched connection. By making entries in the Extended Routing Table, you can allow part of the IP traffic to run over the ISDN switched connection and part of the IP traffic (e.g. for Telnet) to run over an X.25 link.

Configuration is made in the Setup Tool menu **WAN PARTNER** \rightarrow **IP** \rightarrow **MORE ROUTING** \rightarrow **ADDEXT**.

Routing - Extended Route MyGateway
Host route WAN without transit network
Mode always
1 don't verify
00000000 TOS Mask 00000000 don't verify
CANCEL

The menu contains the following fields:

Field	Description	
Route Type	Type of route. Possible values:	
	■ Host route: Route to a single host	
	■ Network route: Route to a network	
	Default route: The Route is applied for all IP addresses and if no other suitable route is available.	
Network	Defines the type of connection, see table "Selection options in Network field," on page 44. The displayed value cannot be modified in this menu. It depends on the setting of IP TRANSIT NETWORK IN WAN PARTNER → ADD/EDIT → IP → BASIC IP-SETTINGS.	

Field	Description
Destination IP Address	Only for ROUTE TYPE = Host route or Network route
	IP address of the destination host or LAN.
Netmask	Only for ROUTE TYPE = Network route
	Netmask for Destination IP-Address .
Partner / Interface	Only for Network = WAN without transit network
	Displays the WAN partner. Field cannot be modified.
Mode	Only for Network = WAN without transit network.
	Defines when the WAN partner is to be used. Possible values see table "Mode selection options," on page 47
Metric	The lower the value, the higher the priority of the route (possible values 015).
	Default value is 1.
Source Interface	Interface over which the data packets reach the gateway.
	Default value is don't verify.
Source IP-Address	IP address of the source host or LAN.
Source Mask	Netmask for Source IP-Address.
Type of Service (TOS)	Possible values: 0255 as bit string.
TOS Mask	Bit mask for TYPE OF SERVICE.
Protocol	Defines a protocol. Possible values:
	don't verify, icmp, ggp, tcp, egp, pup, udp, hmp, xns, rdp, rsvp, gre, esp, ah, igrp, ospf, l2tp.
	Default value is don't verify.

Field	Description
Source Port	Only for PROTOCOL = tcp or udp Source port number or range of source port numbers.
Destination Port	Only for Protocol = tcp or udp Destination port number or range of destination port numbers.

Table 5-4: **ADDEXT** menu fields

The *Mode* field includes the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
always	Always use the route.
dialup wait	Use the route if the interface is "up". If the interface is "dormant", dial and wait until the interface is "up". Otherwise reroute.
dialup continue	Use the route if the interface is "up". If the interface is "dormant", dial but reroute until the interface is "up". Otherwise reroute.
up only	Use the route if the interface is " <i>up</i> ". Otherwise reroute.

Table 5-5: **MODE** selection options

The **Source Port** and **Destination Port** fields contain the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
any (default value)	The route is valid for all >> port numbers.
specify	Enables the entry of a port number.
specify range	Enables the entry of a range of port numbers.
priv (01023)	Privileged port numbers: 0 1023.

Description	Meaning
server (500032767)	Server port numbers: 5000 32767.
clients 1 (10244999)	Client port numbers: 1024 4999.
clients 2 (3276865535)	Client port numbers: 32768 65535.
unpriv (102465535)	Unprivileged port numbers: 1024 65535.

Table 5-6: Selection options of **Source Port** and **Destination Port**

5.3 Submenu Advanced Settings

The fields of the ADVANCED SETTINGS submenu are described below.

X2250 Setup Tool [WAN] [EDIT] [IP] [ADVANCED]: Advance	Bintec Access Networks GmbH ed Settings (branch) MyGateway
RIP Send RIP Receive IP Accounting Back Route Verify Route Announce	none off off up or dormant
Proxy Arp Van Jacobson Header Compression Dynamic Name Server Negotiation	off off yes
OK	CANCEL

Extended routing settings and other adjustments for the respective WAN partner can be made in the **WAN PARTNER** \rightarrow **IP** \rightarrow **ADVANCED SETTINGS** menu.

RIP The entries in the routing table can be defined statically or the routing table can be updated constantly by a dynamic exchange of routing information between several gateways. This exchange is controlled by a Routing Protocol, e.g. RIP (Routing Information Protocol).

Gateways use >> RIP to exchange information stored in routing tables by communicating with each other at regular intervals. The gateway supports both version 1 and version 2 of RIP, either individually or together.

RIP is configured separately for LAN and WAN.

Active and passive

Gateways can be defined as active or passive gateways: Active gateways offer their routing entries to other gateways via >> broadcasts. Passive gateways accept the information from the active gateways and store it, but do not pass on their own routing entries. The gateway can be either active or passive.

WAN partner

If you negotiate with a WAN partner to receive and/or send RIP packets, your gateway can exchange routing information dynamically with the gateways in the LAN of the remote gateway.



Receiving routing tables via the RIP is a possible security loophole, as external computers or gateways can change the routing functionality of the gateway.

RIP packets do not set up or hold dialup connections.

IP Accounting

This option is for activating or deactivating the creation of IP accounting messages for this WAN partner. If IP accounting is activated, a statistics message is generated (and entered in the **biboAdmSyslogTable**), which contains detailed information about the connections to this WAN partner. (Settings for storage of accounting messages into a file can be done in **System → External System Logging**.)

Back Route Verification

This term conceals a simple but very powerful function of the gateway. If Backroute Verification is activated for a WAN partner, data packets are only accepted at the interface if answering packets would be routed over the same interface. You can therefore prevent packets with fake IP addresses being accepted – even without filters.

Route Announce

This option enables you to set when routing protocols (e.g. RIP), that have been activated if applicable, propagate the IP routes defined for this interface.

Proxy ARP

>> Proxy ARP enables the gateway to answer >> ARP requests from its own LAN acting for the defined WAN partner. If a host in the LAN wants to set

up a connection to another host in the LAN or to a WAN partner, but doesn't know its hardware address (MAC address), it sends an ARP request as a >> broadcast to the network. If Proxy ARP is activated on the gateway and the desired target host can be reached e.g. via a host route, the gateway answers the ARP request with its own hardware address. The >> data packets are sent to the gateway, which then forwards them to the desired host.



Verify that Proxy ARP is activated on the LAN-side, too.

The **ADVANCED SETTINGS** menu consists of the following fields:

Field	Description
RIP Send	Enables RIP packets to be sent via the interface to the WAN partner. Possible values: see table "Selection options for RIP Send and RIP Receive," on page 52.
RIP Receive	For receiving RIP packets via the interface to the WAN partner. Possible values: see table "Selection options for RIP Send and RIP Receive," on page 52.
IP Accounting	For generating accounting messages for e.g. TCP, DDP and ICMP sessions. Possible values: on, off (default value).
Back Route Verify	Activates Back Route Verification for the interface to the WAN partner. Possible values: on, off (default value).

Field	Description
Route Announce	Possible values:
	up or dormant (default value): Routes are propagated if the interface's status is up or dormant.
	always: Routes are always propagated in- dependent of operational status.
	up only: Routes are only propagated if the interface status is up.
Proxy ARP	Enables the gateway to answer ARP requests from the own LAN acting for the defined WAN partner. Possible values: see table "Proxy ARP selection options," on page 53.
Van Jacobson Header Compression	Reduces the size of the TCP/IP packet. Possible values:
	on: VJHC activated.
	■ off: VJHC deactivated.
Dynamic Name Server Negotiation	Defines whether the gateway receives IP addresses for <i>PRIMARY DOMAIN NAME SERVER</i> , <i>SECONDARY DOMAIN NAME SERVER</i> , <i>PRIMARY WINS</i> and <i>SECONDARY WINS</i> from the WAN partner or sends them to the WAN partner. For possible values see table "Dynamic Name Server Negotiation selection options," on page 53.

Table 5-7: **ADVANCED SETTINGS** menu fields

RIP SEND and **RIP RECEIVE** contain the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
none	Not activated.
RIP V2 multicast	Only for RIP SEND
	The gateway waits for version 2 RIP packets with RIP V2 multicast address 224.0.0.9.
RIP V1 triggered	RIP V1 messages are sent rsp. received and processed as per RFC 2091
	(Triggered ➤➤ RIP).
RIP V2 triggered	RIP V2 messages are sent rsp. received and processed as per RFC 2091
	(Triggered ➤➤ RIP).
RIP V1	For sending and receiving version 1 RIP packets.
RIP V2	For sending and receiving version 2 RIP packets.
RIP V1 + V2	For sending and receiving RIP packets of both version 1 and 2.

Table 5-8: Selection options for RIP SEND and RIP RECEIVE

PROXY ARP offers the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
off	Deactivates Proxy ARP for this WAN partner.
on (up or dormant)	The gateway answers an ARP request only if the status of the connection to the WAN partner is <i>up</i> (active) or <i>dormant</i> (idle). In the case of <i>dormant</i> , the gateway only answers the ARP request; the connection is not set up until someone actually wants to use the route.

Description	Meaning
on (up only)	The gateway answers an ARP request only if the status of the connection to the WAN partner is <i>up</i> (active), i.e. a connection already exists to the WAN partner.

Table 5-9: **PROXY ARP** selection options

DYNAMIC NAME SERVER NEGOTIATION contains the following selection options:

Description	Meaning
off	The gateway sends or answers no requests for name server addresses.
yes	The meaning depends on the settings in <i>WAN</i> PARTNER → EDIT → IP under IP TRANSIT NETWORK):
	If dynamic client has been selected, the gateway sends Name Server Address Re- quests to the WAN partner.
	■ If dynamic server has been selected, the gateway answers Name Server Address Requests from the WAN partner.
	If yes or no has been selected, the gateway answers, but sends no Name Server Ad- dress Requests.
client (receive)	The gateway sends Name Server Address Requests to the WAN partner.
server (send)	The gateway answers Name Server Address Requests from the WAN partner.

Table 5-10: **DYNAMIC NAME SERVER NEGOTIATION** selection options

6 Submenu Bridge

The BRIDGE submenu is described below.

```
X2250 Setup Tool Bintec Access Networks GmbH
[WAN] [ADD] [BRIDGE]: Bridge Configuration (branch) MyGateway

Enable Bridging no

OK CANCEL
```

The gateway can be operated in Bridging Mode.

In contrast to a >> router, bridges operate at layer 2 of the >> OSI model, are independent of higher-level protocols and transmit data packets using >> MAC addresses.

Bridges are used to physically decouple networks and to reduce network data traffic. This is done by using filter functions that allow data packets to pass to certain network segments only.

To operate the gateway in Bridging Mode, the function must be activated in the field **Bridging** for the respective Ethernet interface of the LAN.

To include the defined WAN partner in the bridging function, the value in the **ENABLE BRIDGING** field is set to yes (default value is *no*).

WAN Partner

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